Section 15 **Business Enterprise**

This section relates to the place and behavior of the business firm and to business initiative in the American economy. It includes data on the number, type, and size of businesses; financial data of domestic and multinational U.S. corporations; business investments, expenditures, and profits; and sales and inventories.

The principal sources of these data are the Survey of Current Business, published by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA); the Web site of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System at http://www.federalreserve.gov/econresdata/default.htm; the annual Statistics of Income (SOI) reports of the Internal Revenue Service (IRS); and the U.S. Census Bureau's Economic Census, County Business Patterns, Quarterly Financial Report for Manufacturing, Mining, and Trade Corporations (QFR), Survey of Business Owners, and Annual Capital Expenditures Survey.

Business firms—A firm is generally defined as a business organization under a single management and may include one or more establishments. The terms firm, business, company, and enterprise are used interchangeably throughout this section. A firm doing business in more than one industry is classified by industry according to the major activity of the firm as a whole.

The IRS concept of a business firm relates primarily to the legal entity used for tax reporting purposes. A sole proprietorship is an unincorporated business owned by one person and may include large enterprises with many employees and hired managers and part-time operators. A partnership is an unincorporated business owned by two or more persons, each of whom has a financial interest in the business. A corporation is a business that is legally incorporated under state laws. While many corporations file consolidated tax returns, most corporate tax returns represent individual corporations, some

of which are affiliated through common ownership or control with other corporations filing separate returns.

Economic census—The economic census is the major source of facts about the structure and functioning of the nation's economy. It provides essential information for government, business, industry, and the general public. It furnishes an important part of the framework for such composite measures as the gross domestic product estimates, input/output measures, production and price indexes, and other statistical series that measure short—term changes in economic conditions. The Census Bureau takes the economic census every 5 years, covering years ending in "2" and "7."

The economic census is collected on an establishment basis. A company operating at more than one location is required to file a separate report for each store, factory, shop, or other location. Each establishment is assigned a separate industry classification based on its primary activity and not that of its parent company. Establishments responding to the establishment survey are classified into industries on the basis of their principal product or activity (determined by annual sales volume). The statistics issued by industry in the 2007 Economic Census are classified primarily on the 2007 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), and, to a lesser extent, on the 2002 NAICS used in the previous census (see below).

More detailed information about the scope, coverage, methodology, classification system, data items, and publications for each of the economic censuses and related surveys is published in the 2007 *Economic Census User Guide* at http://www.census.gov/econ/census07/www/user_guide.html.

Data from the 2007 Economic Census are released through the Census Bureau's American FactFinder® service on the

Census Bureau Web site. For more information, see http://www.census.gov/econ/census07/>.

Survey of Business Owners-

The Survey of Business Owners (SBO) provides statistics that describe the composition of U.S. businesses by gender, Hispanic or Latino origin, and race. Data from SBO are published in a series of reports: American Indian- and Alaska Native-Owned Firms, Asian-Owned Firms, Black-Owned Firms, Hispanic-Owned Firms, Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander-Owned Firms, Women-Owned Firms, and Company Summary. Data are presented by industry classifications and/or geographic area and size of firm (employment and receipts). The reports include totals for all U.S. businesses based on the 2002 Economic Census and estimates of business ownership by gender, Hispanic or Latino origin, and race based on the 2002 SBO. Each owner had the option of selecting more than one race and therefore is included in each race selected. For more information, see ">http://www.census.gov/econ/sbo/>">.

North American Industry Classification System (NAICS)—

NAICS is the standard used by federal statistical agencies in classifying business establishments for the purpose of collecting, analyzing, and publishing statistical data related to the U.S. business economy. NAICS was developed under the auspices of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), and adopted in 1997 to replace the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system. The official 2007 U.S. NAICS Manual includes definitions for each industry, background information, tables showing changes between 2002 and 2007, and a comprehensive index. For more information, see http://www.census.gov/eos /www/naics/>.

Changes between 2002 NAICS and 2007 NAICS are relatively minor, but do affect totals for sectors 52 (finance and insurance), 53 (real estate, rental, and leasing), 54 (professional, scientific, and technical services), and 56 (admin/support waste

mgt/remediation services). Nearly all industries are comparable from 2002 to 2007 NAICS classifications. Several industries in the Information sector have been consolidated.

Quarterly Financial Report-

The Quarterly Financial Report (QFR) program publishes quarterly aggregate statistics on the financial conditions of U.S. corporations. The QFR requests companies to report estimates from their statements of income and retained earnings, and balance sheets. The statistical data are classified and aggregated by type of industry and asset size. The QFR sample includes manufacturing companies with assets of \$250 thousand and above, and mining, wholesale, and retail companies with assets of \$50 million and above. The data are available quarterly in the *Ouarterly Financial Report for* Manufacturing, Mining, and Trade Corporations at http://www.census.gov /econ/qfr/index.html>.

Multinational companies-

BEA collects financial and operating data on U.S. multinational companies. These data provide a picture of the overall activities of foreign affiliates and U.S. parent companies, using a variety of indicators of their financial structure and operations. The data on foreign affiliates cover the entire operations of the affiliate, irrespective of the percentage of U.S. ownership. These data cover items such as sales, value added, employment and compensation of employees, capital expenditures, exports and imports, and research and development expenditures. Separate tabulations are available for all affiliates and for affiliates that are majority-owned by their U.S. parent(s). More information is available at http://www.bea.gov/international/index .htm#omc>.

Statistical reliability—For a discussion of statistical collection, estimation, and sampling procedures and measures of reliability applicable to data from the Census Bureau and the Internal Revenue Service, see Appendix III.

Table 743. Number of Tax Returns, Receipts, and Net Income by Type of Business: 1990 to 2007

[14,783 represents 14,783,000. Covers active enterprises only. Figures are estimates based on sample of unaudited tax returns; see Appendix III]

	Number of returns (1,000)				ness receipts (bil. dol.)	S ¹	Net income (less loss) ² (bil. dol.)			
Item	Nonfarm			Nonfarm			Nonfarm			
	proprietor-	Partner-	Corpora-	proprietor-	Partner-	Corpora-	proprietor-	Partner-	Corpora-	
	ships	ships	tions	ships	ships	tions	ships	ships	tions	
1990	14,783	1,554	3,717	731	541	10,914	141	17	371	
1991	15,181	1,515	3,803	713	539	10,963	142	21	345	
1992	15,495	1,485	3,869	737	571	11,272	154	43	402	
1993	15,848	1,468	3,965	757	627	11,814	156	67	498	
1994	16,154	1,494	4,342	791	732	12,858	167	82	577	
1995	16,424	1,581	4,474	807	854	13,969	169	107	714	
1996	16,955	1,654	4,631	843	1,042	14,890	177	145	806	
1997	17,176	1,759	4,710	870	1,297	15,890	187	168	915	
1998	17,409	1,855	4,849	918	1,534	16,543	202	187	838	
1999	17,576	1,937	4,936	969	1,829	18,009	208	228	929	
2000	17,905	2,058	5,045	1,021	2,316	19,593	215	269	928	
2001	18,338	2,132	5,136	1,017	2,569	19,308	217	276	604	
2002	18,926	2,242	5,267	1,030	2,669	18,849	221	271	564	
2003	19,710	2,375	5,401	1,050	2,818	19,755	230	301	780	
2004	20,591	2,547	5,558	1,140	3,142	21,717	248	385	1,112	
2005	21,468	2,764	5,671	1,223	3,719	24,060	270	546	1,949	
2006	22,075	2,947	5,841	1,278	4,131	26,070	278	667	1,933	
2007	23,122	3,098	5,869	1,324	4,541	27,335	281	683	1,837	

¹ Excludes investment income except for partnerships and corporations in finance, insurance, and real estate before 1998. Beginning 1998, finance and insurance, real estate, and management of companies included investment income for partnerships and corporations. Excludes investment income for S corporations; for definition, see footnote 1, Table 752.² Net income (less loss) is defined differently by form of organization, basically as follows: (a) Proprietorships: Total taxable receipts less total business deductions, including cost of sales and operations, depletion, and certain capital expensing, excluding charitable contributions and owners' salaries; (b) Partnerships: Total taxable receipts (including investment income except capital gains) less deductions, including cost of sales and operations and certain payments to partners, excluding charitable contributions, oil and gas depletion, and certain capital expensing; (c) Corporations: Total taxable receipts (including investment income, capital gains, and income from foreign subsidiaries deemed received for tax purposes, except for S corporations) less business deductions, including cost of sales and operations, depletion, certain capital expensing, and officers' compensation excluding S corporation charitable contributions and investment expenses; net income is before income tax.

Source: U.S. Internal Revenue Service, Statistics of Income, various publications.

Table 744. Number of Tax Returns and Business Receipts by Size of Receipts: 2000 to 2007

[5,045 represents 5,045,000. Covers active enterprises only. Figures are estimates based on sample of unaudited tax returns; see Appendix III. Minus sign (–) indicates loss]

Appendix III. Willias sign (-) Indix	oateo loooj									
Size-class of receipts			Returns (1,000)					ess receip	ots 1	
Size-class of receipts	2000	2004	2005	2006	2007	2000	2004	2005	2006	2007
Corporations Under \$25,000 °. \$25,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 to \$999,999 \$1,000,000 to \$999,999 \$1,000,000 or more	5,045	5,558	5,671	5,841	5,869	19,593	21,717	24,060	26,070	27,335
	1,220	1,317	1,300	1,363	1,391	4	4	4	3	-2
	302	334	340	341	356	10	12	12	13	13
	477	545	544	554	570	35	40	40	41	42
	1,515	1,703	1,755	1,780	1,766	397	424	437	443	445
	582	635	644	668	657	407	448	458	473	465
	946	1,023	1,088	1,135	1,128	18,738	20,788	23,108	25,097	26,372
Partnerships. Under \$25,000 °. \$25,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$499,999 \$100,000 to \$999,999 \$100,000 to \$999,999 \$1,000,000 or more	2,058	2,547	2,764	2,947	3,098	2,316	3,142	3,719	4,131	4,541
	1,105	1,373	1,465	1,568	1,650	5	5	5	6	6
	183	193	218	240	233	7	7	8	9	8
	187	226	233	245	275	13	16	17	18	20
	353	436	489	498	530	82	102	114	118	125
	92	121	131	149	149	66	86	92	106	107
	137	198	227	248	261	2,143	2,925	3,482	3,875	4,275
Nonfarm proprietorships Under \$25,000 ² . \$25,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$499,999 \$500,000 to \$999,999 \$1,000,000 or more	17,905	20,591	21,468	22,075	23,122	1,021	1,140	1,223	1,278	1,324
	11,997	13,916	14,456	14,867	15,752	82	97	100	104	111
	2,247	2,536	2,587	2,721	2,796	80	90	92	96	99
	1,645	1,792	1,981	1,983	2,027	117	128	140	140	144
	1,733	2,020	2,091	2,139	2,173	355	405	425	437	440
	190	218	235	236	242	126	147	160	161	165
	92	109	117	128	132	261	273	306	340	364

¹ Finance and insurance, real estate, and management of companies included investment income for partnerships and corporations. ² Includes firms with no receipts.

Source: U.S. Internal Revenue Service, Statistics of Income Bulletin and unpublished data.

Table 745. Number of Tax Returns, Receipts, and Net Income by Type of Business and Industry: 2007

[23,123 represents 23,123,000. Covers active enterprises only. Figures are estimates based on sample of unaudited tax returns; see Appendix III. Based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), 2007; see text, this section. Minus sign (–) indicates net loss]

			er of ret (1,000)	urns		ess rece bil. dol.)	ipts 1	Net income (less loss) (bil. dol.)		
	2002	Non-	(1,000)		Non-	Dii. doi.)		Non-	on. don.)	
Industry	NAICS	farm			farm			farm		
madett y	code	propri-	Part-		propri-	Part-		propri-	Part-	
	oodo	etor-	ner-	Corpo-	etor-		Corpo-	etor-	ner-	Corpo-
		ships	ships	rations	ships	ships	rations	ships	ships	rations
Total	(X)	23,122	3,098	5,869	1,324	4,541		281	683	1,837
Agriculture, forestry, fishing,	-									
and hunting 2	11	301	127	142	18	28	140	1	3	4
Mining	21	127	40	39	13	101	351	2	41	54
Utilities	22	10	4	8	1	134	665	(Z)	6	43
Construction	23	2,931	209	781	231	305	1,588	36	9	54
Special trade contractors	238	2,347	72	480	160	67	656	28	5	32
Manufacturing	31–33	362	48	274	29	856	7,175	3	64	468
Wholesale and retail trade 3	(X)	2,777	220	996	249	918	7,337	14	24	211
Wholesale trade	42	340	54	382	50	531	3,786	5	21	113
Retail trade 4	44-45	2,436	167	613	199	388	3,551	9	4	98
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	441	146	20	88	41	121	828	1	1	8
Food and beverage stores	445	82	22	95	27	81	497	1	_1	12
Gasoline stations	447	. 18	.8	42	26	62	320	(Z)	(Z)	.1
Transportation and warehousing	48–49	1,155	46	201	82	119	748	11	7	15
Information 4	51	352	34	122	10	231	974	3	34	93
Broadcasting (except Internet)	515	5 43	2	8	5 2	35	110	5 (Z)	2	9
Telecommunications	517	(5)	6	19	(5)	141	453	(5)	28	37
Finance and insurance	52	726	308	251	94	677	4,135	20	323	601
Real estate and rental and leasing Professional, scientific, and	53	1,393	1,489	657	71	315	268	22	39	55
technical services 4	54	3,235	176	836	169	345	974	72	82	37
Legal services	5411	363	27	109	39	136	92	17	49	8
bookkeeping, and payroll services Management, scientific, and technical	5412	376	22	77	12	58	38	5	12	1
consulting services	5416	952	39	234	46	48	211	26	10	14
and enterprises	55	(NA)	24	48	(NA)	69	1,146	(NA)	26	118
Administrative and support and										
waste management and										
remediation services	56	2,251	62	274	60	69	484	16	4	20
Educational services	61	597	12	49	9	4	40	3	(Z)	2
Health care and social assistance	62	2,016	68	406	116	161	590	46	20	29
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	1,283	55	123	31	49	91	8	-1	4
Accommodation and food services	72	411	107	288	48	137	424	1	1	20
Accommodation	721	51	34	34	6	63	96	(Z)	(Z)	5
Food services and drinking places	722	361	73	254	42	74	328	1	1	15
Other services 4	81	2,668	69	372	88	24	205	21	_1	7
Auto repair and maintenance	8111	397	24	111	24	9	69	3	(Z)	2
Personal and laundry services Religious, grantmaking, civic,	812	1,583	37	155	44	9	78	13	(Z)	3
professional, and	l									
similar organizations		252	1	49	4	(Z)	13	2	(Z) (Z)	(Z) (Z)
Unclassified	(X)	527	1	2	5	(Z)	(Z)	2	(Z)	(Z)

NA Not available. X Not applicable. Z Less than \$500 million. ¹ Includes investment income for partnerships and corporations in finance and insurance, real estate, and management of companies' industries. Excludes investment income for S corporations; for definition, see footnote 1, Table 752. ² For corporations, represents agricultural services only. ³ For corporations, includes trade business not identified as wholesale or retail. ⁴ Includes other industries, not shown separately. ⁵ Broadcasting includes telecommunications.

Source: U.S. Internal Revenue Service, Statistics of Income, various publications.

Table 746. Nonfarm Sole Proprietorships—Selected Income and Deduction Items: 1990 to 2007

[In billions of dollars (731 represents \$731,000,000,000) except as indicated. All figures are estimates based on samples. Tax law changes have affected the comparability of the data over time; see Statistics of Income reports for a description. See Appendix III]

Item	1990	1995	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Number of returns (1,000)	14,783	16,424 12,213	17,905 13,308	18,926 13,751	19,710 14,448	20,591 15,053	21,468 15,750	22,075 16,207	23,122 16,929
Business receipts	731 719	807 797	1,021 1,008	1,030 1,015	1,050 1,034	1,140 1,122	1,223 1,205	1,278 1,259	1,324 1,304
Business deductions ¹. Cost of goods sold/operations ¹. Purchases Labor costs Materials and supplies. Advertising. Car and truck expenses. Commissions. Contract labor Depreciation Insurance. Interest paid ². Office expenses. Rent paid ³. Repairs Salaries and wages (net).	210 23 30 (NA) 22 9 (NA) 24 13 13 (NA) 23 9	638 307 219 24 34 (NA) 33 10 (NA) 27 13 10 (NA) 28 10 54	806 387 269 29 43 10 46 12 (NA) 32 14 12 10 33 31 12 63	809 352 227 30 46 11 50 14 (NA) 37 16 11 11 35 13	820 338 218 28 47 12 53 14 (NA) 42 17 11 12 36 13	892 371 239 32 53 13 59 13 25 43 19 11 12 37 75	953 397 253 32 566 14 71 15 28 39 19 12 13 39 575	1,001 410 260 32 600 15 75 16 35 39 19 14 13 41 16 67	1,044 423 264 35 62 16 82 15 37 40 19 15 13 43 1679
Supplies	(NA) 10	(NA) 13 17	22 14 19	25 15 21	26 15 22	27 16 21	29 17 23	32 18 24	32 18 25
Net income (less loss) ⁴	141 162	169 192	215 245	221 257	230 269	248 291	270 315	278 327	281 335
Constant (2000) Dollars ⁵ Business receipts Business deductions Net income (less loss) Net income	896 722 173 198	877 693 184 208	1,021 806 215 245	991 778 213 248	991 774 217 254	1,045 818 227 266	1,085 846 239 279	1,097 859 239 280	1,105 871 235 280

NA Not available. ¹ Includes other amounts not shown separately. ² Interest paid includes "mortgage interest" and "other interest paid on business indebtedness." ³ Rent paid includes "Rent on machinery and equipment" and "Rent on other business property." ⁴ After adjustment for the passive loss carryover from prior years. Therefore, "business receipts" minus "total deductions" do not equal "net income." ⁵ Based on the overall implicit price deflator for gross domestic product.

Source: U.S. Internal Revenue Service, Statistics of Income Bulletin.

Table 747. Partnerships—Selected Income and Balance Sheet Items: 1990 to 2007

[In billions of dollars (1,735 represents \$1,735,000,000,000), except as indicated. Covers active partnerships only. All figures are estimates based on samples. See Appendix III]

Item	1990	1995	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Number of returns (1,000)	1,554	1,581	2,058	2,242	2,375	2,547	2,764	2,947	3,098
	854	955	1,261	1,325	1,357	1,441	1,580	1,623	1,659
Number of partners (1,000)	17,095	15,606	13,660	14,328	14,108	15,557	16,212	16,728	18,516
Assets 1,2 Depreciable assets (net) Inventories, end of year Land.	1,735	2,719	6,694	8,867	9,675	11,608	13,734	17,146	20,386
	681	767	1,487	1,792	1,846	1,988	2,176	2,490	2,865
	57	88	150	203	214	276	315	446	339
	215	221	359	423	455	509	607	731	820
Liabilities 1.2	1,415	1,886	3,696	4,972	5,303	6,248	7,483	9,350	10,440
	67	91	230	346	276	336	400	505	430
	88	124	252	283	274	296	373	456	565
	498	544	1,132	1,375	1,389	1,546	1,772	2,227	2,556
	470	466	639	770	800	854	914	1,103	1,210
	320	832	2,999	3,895	4,372	5,360	6,251	7,796	9,946
Receipts ¹	566	890	2,405	2,773	2,923	3,260	3,863	4,301	4,727
	483	854	2,316	2,669	2,818	3,142	3,719	4,131	4,541
	21	31	82	70	71	88	134	193	260
Deductions ¹ Cost of goods sold/operations. Salaries and wages Taxes paid Interest paid. Depreciation	550	784	2,136	2,502	2,621	2,876	3,317	3,634	4,043
	243	395	1,226	1,430	1,523	1,666	1,976	2,109	2,310
	56	80	201	238	245	269	293	332	373
	9	13	31	36	39	42	47	53	56
	30	43	93	68	65	64	103	137	174
	60	23	59	83	84	90	71	79	86
Net income (less loss)	17	107	269	271	301	385	546	667	683
	116	179	410	440	469	566	724	871	976

¹ Includes items not shown separately.² Assets, liabilities, and partners' capital accounts are understated because not all partnerships file complete balance sheets.³ Mortgages, notes, and bonds payable in less than 1 year.⁴ Mortgages, notes, and bonds payable in 1 year or more.⁵ Excludes investment income except for partnerships in finance, insurance, and real estate in 1995. Beginning 2000, finance and insurance, real estate, and management of companies included investment income for partnerships. Source: U.S. Internal Revenue Service, Statistics of Income, various issues.

Table 748. Partnerships-Selected Items by Industry: 2007

[In billions of dollars (20,386 represents \$20,386,000,000,000), except as indicated. Covers active partnerships only. Figures are estimates based on samples. Based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), 2007; see text, this section. See Appendix III. Minus sign (–) indicates net loss]

	2002		lumber of	;						
Industry and year	NAICS		(1,000)		ł			Net		
• •	code		With	With			Total	income		
			net	net	Total	Business	deduc-	less	Net	Net
		Total	income	loss	assets 1	receipts 2	tions	loss	income	loss
Total 3	(X)	3,098	1,659	1,437	20,386	4,541	4,043	683.4	975.9	292.5
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and	` '									
hunting	11	127	64	63	143	28	37	2.7	9.9	7.2
Mining	21	40	25	15	241	101	76	40.7	50.8	10.0
Utilities	22	4	1	3	162	134	133	6.0	9.7	3.7
Construction	23	209	109	100	335	305	303	9.3	24.1	14.7
Manufacturing	31-33	48	17	31	598	856	821	64.2	79.3	15.0
Wholesale trade	42	54	31	23	191	531	518	20.5	23.3	2.8
Retail trade	44-45	167	69	98	131	388	394	3.5	10.4	6.9
Transportation and warehousing	48-49	46	27	19	194	119	118	7.2	10.8	3.6
Information	51	34	12	22	586	231	227	34.2	48.0	13.8
Finance and insurance	52	308	220	88	12,264	677	354	322.7	381.8	59.1
Real estate and rental and leasing Professional, scientific, and	53	1,489	760	729	4,354	315	285	39.0	150.0	111.0
technical services	54	176	117	59	185	345	284	82.0	89.0	7.0
enterprises	55	24	13	11	523	69	42	26.2	37.3	11.1
waste management and										
remediation services	56	62	34	28	47	69	73	3.9	6.7	2.7
Educational services	61	12	8	4	4	4	4	0.1	0.7	0.6
Health care and social assistance	62	68	43	25	103	161	152	20.1	25.9	5.8
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	55	23	32	83	49	56	-0.7	5.5	6.2
Accommodation and food services	72	107	52	55	220	137	142	0.7	10.4	9.6
Other services	81	69	34	35	20	24	24	0.9	2.5	1.6

X Not applicable. ¹ Total assets are understated because not all partnerships file complete balance sheets. ² Finance and insurance, real estate, and management of companies include investment income for partnerships. ³ Includes businesses not allocable to individual industries.

Source: U.S. Internal Revenue Service, Statistics of Income, various issues.

Table 749. Nonfarm Noncorporate Business-Sector Balance Sheet: 1990 to 2009

[In billions of dollars (3,685 represents \$3,685,000,000,000), except as noted. Represents year-end outstandings]

Item	1990	1995	2000	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Assets	3,685	4,120	6,567	8,957	10,929	11,872	12,276	11,131	10,108
Tangible assets	3,328	3,572	5,144	6,852	8,387	8,815	8,743	7,383	6,603
Real estate 1	3,020	3,222	4,706	6,340	7,839	8,229	8,123	6,734	5,818
Residential	2,100	2,391	3,469	4,909	6,032	6,139	5,954	4,869	4,397
Nonresidential	921	831	1,237	1,431	1,807	2,090	2,169	1,865	1,421
Equipment and software 2	260	293	369	436	466	499	526	556	697
Residential 3	28	32	35	40	43	46	48	50	48
Nonresidential	233	261	333	396	423	453	478	507	649
Inventories 2	47	56	70	76	82	88	94	92	87
Financial assets	356	548	1,423	2,106	2,542	3,057	3,533	3,748	3,505
Checkable deposits and currency	71	105	164	279	355	429	494	517	483
Time and savings deposits	51	71	248	301	324	344	359	389	364
Money market fund shares	7	17	49	67	69	72	74	79	74
Treasury securities	13	24	40	50	56	56	59	63	59
Municipal securities	_	2	2	4	4	6	5	6	5
Mortgages	31	22	23	31	36	35	42	45	42
Trade receivables	98	140	342	364	431	471	526	558	521
Miscellaneous assets	86	167	554	1,010	1,266	1,644	1,973	2,093	1,957
Insurance receivables	39	44	46	60	65	67	69	71	70
Equity investment in GSEs 4	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	4	5
Other	47	122	506	947	1,198	1,576	1,902	2,018	1,883
Liabilities	1,357	1,404	2,683	3,529	4,064	4,647	5,228	5,480	5,173
Credit market instruments	1,102	1,070	1,806	2,455	2,787	3,196	3,650	3,851	3,545
Bank loans n.e.c. 5	136	165	361	473	630	743	882	986	794
Other loans and advances	103	100	137	145	150	164	175	208	200
Mortgages	863	805	1,308	1,837	2,008	2,289	2,593	2,657	2,551
Trade payables	60	86	260	277	329	349	379	398	376
Taxes payable	32	33	65	78	87	96	99	102	99
Miscellaneous liabilities	164	215	552	718	861	1,006	1,100	1,130	1,152
Net worth	2,327	2,715	3,884	5,428	6,864	7,226	7,048	5,651	4,936
Debt/net worth (percent)	47.3	39.4	46.5	45.2	40.6	44.2	51.8	68.1	71.8

[–] Represents or rounds to zero. ¹ At market value. ² At replacement (current) cost. ³ Durable goods in rental properties.

⁴ GSEs = government-sponsored enterprises. Equity in the Farm Credit System. ⁵ Not elsewhere classified.

Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, "Federal Reserve Statistical Release, Z.1, Flow of Funds Accounts of the United States," March 2010, http://www.federalreserve.gov/releases/z1/20100311/>.

Table 750. Nonfinancial Corporate Business-Sector Balance Sheet: 1990 to 2009

[In billions of dollars (9,729 represents \$9,729,000,000,000). Represents year-end outstandings]

Item	1990	1995	2000	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Assets	9,729	11,515	19,071	21,802	24,714	27,106	28,984	27,962	26,544
Tangible assets	6,143	6,544	9,331	10,901	12,853	14,490	15,279	14,211	12,253
Real estate 1	3,389	3,150	4,881	5,971	7,644	8,935	9,406	8,178	6,336
Equipment and software 2	1,852	2,325	3,128	3,482	3,651	3,890	4,084	4,287	4,255
Inventories 2	901	1,070	1,322	1,448	1,557	1,664	1,788	1,746	1,662
Financial assets 3	3,586	4,971	9,740	10,901	11,862	12,617	13,705	13,751	14,291
Checkable deposits and currency	166	205	246	178	252	135	122	103	273
Time and savings deposits	75	100	272	400	450	497	441	405	532
Money market fund shares	20	60	191	324	366	432	564	736	684
Treasury securities	38	57	18	33	51	44	38	27	46
Mortgages	53	58	44	67	68	60	41	23	4
Consumer credit	67	85	81	59	60	58	59	60	57
Trade receivables	967	1,185	1,939	1,831	2,108	2,090	2,253	2,113	2,040
Mutual fund shares 1	10	46	122	140	156	204	218	143	163
Liabilities 3	4,729	6,010	9,611	10,349	11,145	11,782	12,873	13,302	13,550
Credit market instruments	2,543	2,942	4,634	5,180	5,514	5,983	6,776	7,119	7,229
Commercial paper	117	157	278	98	90	113	124	131	59
Municipal securities 4	115	135	154	169	177	182	190	193	198
Corporate bonds 5	1,008	1,357	2,271	2,976	3,032	3,248	3,559	3,764	4,145
Bank loans n.e.c. 6	545	602	853	543	509	518	609	678	554
Other loans and advances	482	477	726	824	933	1,047	1,347	1,370	1,323
Mortgages	275	213	351	571	774	876	946	983	950
Trade payables	626	878	1,541	1,500	1,699	1,813	1,899	1,765	1,681
Taxes payable	38	40	78	88	93	85	36	43	28
Net worth (market value)	4,999	5,505	9,460	11,453	13,569	15,324	16,111	14,660	12,993
Debt/net worth (percent)	50.9	53.4	49.0	45.2	40.6	39.0	42.1	48.6	55.6

¹ At market value. ² At replacement (current) cost. ³ Includes items not shown separately. ⁴ Industrial revenue bonds. Issued by state and local governments to finance private investment and secured in interest and principal by the industrial user of the funds. ⁵ Through 1992, corporate bonds include net issues by Netherlands Antillean financial subsidiaries. ⁶ Not elsewhere classified.

Table 751. Corporate Funds-Sources and Uses: 1990 to 2009

[In billions of dollars (242 represents \$242,000,000,000). Covers nonfarm nonfinancial corporate business]

							-		
Item	1990	1995	2000	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Profits before tax	242	431	432	660	954	1.115	1.056	805	807
- Taxes on corporate income	98	140	170	186	271	307	299	237	243
- Net dividends	117	177	250	362	168	466	462	407	361
+ Capital consumption allowance 1	365	461	637	739	609	639	677	835	782
= U.S. internal funds, book	392	575	649	851	1,124	981	972	996	984
+ Foreign earnings retained abroad	45	53	103	120	_18	149	181	187	163
+ Inventory valuation adjustment (IVA)	-13	-18	-17	-34	-31	-38	-44	-38	(Z)
= Internal funds + IVA	424	610	735	944	1,091	1,092	1,109	1,148	1,149
Gross investment	370	655	929	1,045	968	1,003	975	997	1,066
Capital expenditures	429	621	968	878	987	1,142	1,183	1,190	881
Fixed investment 2	423	580	922	835	948	1,077	1,174	1,207	997
Inventory change + IVA	12	40	53	53	47	60	19	-26	-112
Nonproduced nonfinancial assets	− 6	1	-7	-10	-8	4	-10	9	-4
Net financial investment	-59	33	-39	167	-19	-139	-208	-193	185
Net acquisition of financial assets 3	124	424	1,199	776	943	697	1,069	267	440
Foreign deposits	(Z)	2	-7	16	7	-11	· 1	-19	10
Checkable deposits and currency	6	4	15	-13	74	-118	-13	-19	171
Time and savings deposits	− 6	3	35	38	50	47	-56	-37	127
Money market fund shares	9	23	37	25	42	66	132	172	-52
Commercial paper	(–Z)	1	10	19	16	12	-53	-59	8
Municipal securities	-8	-20	7	-4	(Z)	-4	1	-24	12
Mortgages	-2	2	2	15	· 2	-8	-18	-18	-18
Mutual fund shares	-1	5	4	1	7	31	2	-7	-7
Trade receivables	29	78	282	129	278	-18	163	-140	-73
Miscellaneous assets 3	114	318	809	548	435	712	926	433	239
U.S. direct investment abroad 4	36	90	138	272	25	219	297	264	191
Insurance receivables	13	8	(–Z)	19	21	7	7	10	-5
Net increase in liabilities 3	184	391	1,237	609	961	836	1,277	460	256
Net funds raised in markets	72	179	245	81	-7	-94	-1	12	36
Net new equity issues	-63	-58	-118	-123	-342	-566	-787	-336	-65
Credit market instruments 3	135	237	363	203	334	471	786	348	101
Corporate bonds 4	47	104	164	75	57	216	311	205	381
Bank loans n.e.c 5	3	75	44	-6	-34	9	85	68	-134
Other loans and advances 6	55	30	84	55	109	118	300	23	-47
Mortgages	21	7	22	58	203	101	70	43	-34
Trade payables	28	81	313	97	199	110	86	-134	-85
Miscellaneous liabilities 3	83	131	673	424	764	828	1,242	574	320
Foreign direct investment in U.S	59	55	249	96	99	191	281	214	101

Z Less than \$500 million. ¹ Consumption of fixed capital plus capital consumption adjustment. ² Nonresidential fixed investment plus residential fixed investment. ³ Includes other items not shown separately. ⁴ 1990, corporate bonds include net issues by Netherlands Antillean financial subsidiaries, and U.S. direct investment abroad excludes net inflows from those bond issues. ⁵ Not elsewhere classified. ⁵ Loans from rest of the world, U.S. government, and nonbank financial institutions.

Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, "Federal Reserve Statistical Release, Z.1, Flow of Funds Accounts of the United States," March 2010, http://www.federalreserve.gov/releases/z1/20100311/>.

Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, "Federal Reserve Statistical Release, Z.1, Flow of Funds Accounts of the United States," March 2010, http://www.federalreserve.gov/releases/z1/20100311/>.

Table 752. Corporations—Selected Financial Items: 1990 to 2007

[In billions of dollars (18,190 represents \$18,190,000,000,000), except as noted. Covers active corporations only. All corporations are required to file returns except those specifically exempt. See source for changes in law affecting comparability of historical data. Based on samples; see Appendix III]

Item	1990	1995	2000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Number of returns (1,000)	3,717	4,474	5,045	5,267	5,401	5,558	5,671	5,841	5,869
Number with net income (1,000)	1,911	2,455	2,819	2,801	2,932	3,116	3,324	3,367	3,368
S Corporation returns ¹ (1,000)	1,575	2,153	2,860	3,154	3,342	3,518	3,684	3,873	3,990
Assets ²	18,190	26,014	47,027	50,414	53,645	60,118	66,445	73,081	81,486
	771	962	1,820	1,923	2,120	2,730	2,823	2,902	3,625
	4,198	5,307	8,754	8,886	8,995	10,691	11,962	13,611	15,315
	894	1,045	1,272	1,221	1,267	1,386	1,505	1,613	1,656
obligations Mortgage and real estate Other investments Depreciable assets Depletable assets Land.	921	1,363	1,236	1,527	1,656	1,571	1,613	1,714	1,785
	1,538	1,713	2,822	3,687	4,073	4,627	4,777	5,232	5,177
	4,137	7,429	17,874	18,728	20,536	22,657	25,162	27,903	30,939
	4,318	5,571	7,292	7,678	7,805	7,974	8,416	8,817	9,222
	129	154	191	226	237	270	310	382	497
	210	242	303	326	342	363	407	457	493
Liabilities ² Accounts payable Short-term debt ³ Long-term debt ⁴	18,190	26,014	47,027	50,414	53,645	60,118	66,445	73,081	81,486
	1,094	1,750	3,758	4,074	4,338	5,645	6,029	7,779	7,724
	1,803	2,034	4,020	3,814	4,002	4,399	4,192	4,709	4,735
	2,665	3,335	6,184	7,185	7,384	8,154	8,332	9,399	10,786
Net worth ⁵ Capital stock Paid-in or capital surplus Retained earnings ⁶	4,739	8,132	17,349	17,545	18,819	20,814	23,525	25,996	28,812
	1,585	2,194	3,966	4,000	3,151	2,308	2,482	2,513	2,775
	2,814	5,446	12,265	15,287	15,258	16,160	17,828	19,142	21,792
	1,410	2,191	3,627	1,111	2,282	3,278	4,331	5,764	5,970
Receipts ^{2,7} Business receipts ^{7,8} Interest ⁹ Rents and royalties	11,410	14,539	20,606	19,749	20,690	22,712	25,505	27,402	28,763
	9,860	12,786	17,637	17,297	18,264	19,976	21,800	23,310	24,217
	977	1,039	1,628	1,282	1,182	1,368	1,773	2,307	2,640
	133	145	254	252	270	274	290	299	314
Deductions ^{2,7} Cost of sales and operations ⁸ Compensation of officers Rent paid on business property Taxes paid Interest paid Depreciation Advertising.	11,033	13,821	19,692	19,199	19,941	21,636	23,613	25,502	26,974
	6,611	8,206	11,135	10,607	11,319	12,498	13,816	14,800	15,513
	205	304	401	381	389	417	445	474	479
	185	232	380	411	407	420	439	462	477
	251	326	390	397	417	447	473	497	509
	825	744	1,272	913	818	939	1,287	1,787	2,085
	333	437	614	711	692	691	531	564	599
	126	163	234	218	225	239	253	277	277
Net income (less loss) 7,10	371	714	928	564	780	1,112	1,949	1,933	1,837
	553	881	1,337	1,053	1,176	1,456	2,235	2,240	2,253
	182	166	409	489	396	344	286	306	416
Income subject to tax. Income tax before credits 11. Tax credits Foreign tax credit. Income tax after credits 12.	366	565	760	601	699	857	1,201	1,291	1,248
	119	194	266	210	244	300	419	453	437
	32	42	62	56	66	75	107	100	106
	25	30	49	42	50	57	82	78	87
	96	156	204	154	178	224	312	353	331

¹ Represents certain small corporations with a limit on the number of shareholders, mostly individuals, electing to be taxed at the shareholder level. ² Includes items not shown separately. ³ Payable in less than 1 year. ⁴ Payable in 1 year or more. ⁵ Net worth is the sum of "capital stock," "additional paid-in capital," "retained earnings, appropriated," "retained earnings, unappropriated" minus "cost of treasury stock." ⁵ Appropriated and unappropriated and "adjustments to shareholders' equity." ↑ Receipts, deductions, and net income of S corporations are limited to those from trade or business. Those from investments are excluded. ⁵ Includes gross sales and cost of sales of securities, commodities, and real estate by exchanges, brokers, or dealers selling on their own accounts. Excludes investment income. ⁵ Includes tax-exempt interest in state and local government obligations. ¹0 Excludes regulated investment companies. ¹¹ Consists of regular (and alternative tax) only. ¹² Includes minimum tax, alternative minimum tax, adjustments for prior year credits, and other income-related taxes.

Source: U.S. Internal Revenue Service, Statistics of Income, Corporation Income Tax Returns, annual.

Table 753. Corporations by Receipt-Size Class and Industry: 2007

[Number of returns in thousands (5,869 represents 5,869,000); receipts and net income in billions of dollars (27,335 represents \$27,335,000,000,000). Covers active enterprises only. Figures are estimates based on a sample of unaudited tax returns; see Appendix III. Numbers in parentheses represent North American Industry Classification System 2007 codes; see text, this section]

Industry	Total	Under \$1 mil. 1	\$1 to \$4.9 mil.	\$5 to \$9.9 mil.	\$10 to \$49.9 mil.	\$50 mil.
Total: ² Number of returns	5,869 27,335	4,740 963	824 1,782	140 973	130 2,682	or more 35 20,935
Net income (less loss)	1,837	56	69	33	133	1,546
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting (11): Returns	142	124	14	2	1	(Z)
	140	21	32	13	24	50
Mining (21): Returns Business receipts ³	39	30	6	1	1	(Z)
	351	5	15	9	22	300
Utilities (22): Returns Business receipts ³	8 665	7 1	1	(Z) 2	(Z) 4	(Z) 657
Construction (23): Returns	781	595	141	22	19	3
	1,588	142	313	157	383	593
Manufacturing (31–33): Returns Business receipts ³	274	165	65	18	19	7
	7,175	43	149	126	399	6,458
Wholesale and retail trade (42, 44–45): Returns Business receipts ³	996	662	224	49	49	13
	7,337	171	498	338	1,033	5,298
Transportation and warehousing (48–49):	.,				.,	-,
Returns	201	162	27	6	5	1
	748	31	64	41	94	518
Information (51): Returns	122	103	13	2	3	1
	974	16	31	14	52	861
Finance and insurance (52): Returns	251	207	27	5	8	4
	4,135	37	59	38	164	3,837
Real estate and rental and leasing (53):	657	630	22	.2	2	(Z)
Business receipts ³	268	57	47	17	30	116
Professional, scientific, and technical services (54): Returns	836	728	86	11	9	2
	974	128	180	80	172	414
Management of companies and enterprises (55): Returns	48 1,146	41 -2	3 7	1 9	2 48	1 1,083
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services (56):	,,					1,000
Returns	274	228	37	5	4	1
	484	50	81	30	79	245
Educational services (61): Returns Business receipts ³	49 40	46 7	3	(Z) 1	(Z) 6	(Z) 20
Health care and social assistance (62): Returns Business receipts ³	406	323	70	7	5	1
	590	97	139	46	97	211
Arts, entertainment, and recreation (71): Returns Business receipts ³	123	113	8	1	1	(Z)
	91	19	16	9	11	36
Accommodation and food services (72): Returns Business receipts ³	288	238	44	4	2	(Z)
	424	71	87	26	33	207
Other services (81): Returns Business receipts ³	372	337	30	3	2	(Z)
	205	69	57	18	31	30

Z Less than 500 returns. ¹ Includes businesses without receipts. ² Includes businesses not allocable to individual industries. ³ Includes investment income for corporations in finance and insurance and management of companies' industries. Excludes investment income for S corporations (certain small corporations with up to 75 shareholders, mostly individuals, electing to be taxed at the shareholder level).

Source: U.S. Internal Revenue Service, Statistics of Income, Corporation Income Tax Returns, annual.

Table 754. Corporations by Asset-Size Class and Industry: 2007

[In billions of dollars (155 represents \$155,000,000,000), except number of returns. Covers active corporations only. Excludes corporations not allocable by industry. Numbers in parentheses represent North American Industry Classification System 2007 codes; see text, this section]

- ·				Asset-size	e class		
Industry	Total	Under \$10 mil. 1	\$10 to \$24.9 mil.	\$25 to \$49.9 mil.	\$50 to \$99.9 mil.	\$100 to \$249.9 mil.	\$250 mil. and over
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting (11): Returns Total receipts	142,180	140,937	836	199	115	58	37
	155	92	16	5	9	10	23
Mining (21): Returns Total receipts	39,114	37,344	796	336	218	179	241
	395	41	11	8	10	15	310
Utilities (22): Returns Total receipts	7,661 714	7,207 10	116 1	79 3	38 2	46 7	174 690
Construction (23): Returns Total receipts	780,606	770,814	6,721	1,766	729	365	211
	1,612	886	191	102	82	84	267
Manufacturing (31–33): Returns Total receipts	273,771	257,853	7,695	3,173	1,792	1,385	1,874
	7,828	550	224	186	180	281	6,407
Wholesale and retail trade (42, 44–45): Returns Total receipts	995,846	975,953	12,620	3,723	1,670	963	918
	7,502	2,034	639	393	307	369	3,759
Transportation and warehousing (48–49): Returns Total receipts	200,651	198,547	1,192	368	194	155	195
	777	222	38	22	21	29	447
Information (51): Returns Total receipts	122,370	119,619	1,170	518	356	264	443
	1,163	97	19	17	18	27	985
Finance and insurance (52): Returns Total receipts	251,331	231,245	3,996	2,566	2,698	3,368	7,458
	4,135	299	27	25	34	62	3,687
Real estate and rental and leasing (53): Returns Total receipts	656,946	648,645	5,088	1,443	763	467	540
	392	158	18	14	12	16	173
Professional, scientific, and technical services (54): Returns Total receipts	835,838	831,015	2,668	918	525	388	324
	1,017	553	67	38	38	56	264
Management of companies and enterprises (55): Returns Total receipts	47,866	40,935	1,186	995	1,205	1,712	1,832
	1,146	26	2	3	6	18	1,091
Administrative and support and waste management and remediation services (56): Returns	274,370	273,030	680	225	174	113	149
Total receipts	498	253	27	13	21	24	159
	49.240	49,014	114	32	33	25	21
Total receipts	42	18	2	2	3	4	13
Returns	405,587	404,420	600	212	148	97	111
	614	395	22	14	15	20	147
Returns	123,386	122,494	495	218	67	56	55
	101	51	6	4	4	7	29
Accommodation and food services (72): Returns Total receipts	287,949	286,516	782	275	138	94	143
	461	216	14	11	14	20	186
Other services (81): Returns	372,048	371,442	400	106	53	20	26
	212	173	8	5	6	3	18

¹ Includes returns with zero assets.

Source: U.S. Internal Revenue Service, Statistics of Income, Corporation Income Tax Returns, annual.

Table 755. Economic Census Summary (NAICS 2002 Basis): 2002 and 2007

[24 represents 24,000. 2007 data are preliminary. Covers establishments with payroll. Data are based on the 2002 and 2007 economic censuses which are subject to nonsampling error. Data for the construction sector are also subject to sampling errors. For details on survey methodology and nonsampling and sampling errors, see Appendix III]

Kind of business	2002 NAICS code 1	Estab mer (1,00	nts	Sales, re or shipi (bil. c	ments	ا Annual (bil. d		Pa employ (1,0	ees 2
	code	2002	2007	2002	2007	2002	2007	2002	2007
Mining Oil & gas extraction	21	24	21	183	369	21	37	475	703
	211	8	6	113	231	5	10	99	162
Mining (except oil & gas)	212	7	6	48	81	9	11	196	220
	213	9	8	22	57	7	16	180	322
	22	17	17	399	582	42	51	663	632
Construction	23 31–33	710 351	725 294	1,209 3,915	1,782 5,339	254 568	348 612	7,193 14,664	
Wholesale trade. Merchant wholesalers, durable goods Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods Wholesale electronic markets and agents	42	436	432	4,635	6,039	260	336	5,878	6,295
	423	260	253	2,171	2,709	157	206	3,357	3,637
	424	143	133	1,980	2,754	93	117	2,273	2,367
and brokers	425	32	46	483	576	10	14	249	292
	44–45	1,115	1,123	3,056	3,932	302	365	14,648	15,611
	441	125	126	802	893	65	73	1,845	1,916
Furniture & home furnishings stores	442	65	65	92	110	13	15	535	589
	443	47	50	82	111	9	11	391	484
dealersFood & beverage storesHealth & personal care stores	444	(NA)	90	(NA)	323	(NA)	38	(NA)	1,340
	445	149	147	457	541	49	56	2,839	2,879
	446	82	87	178	239	20	29	1,024	1,012
Gasoline stations. Clothing & clothing accessories stores	447	121	117	249	447	14	15	927	887
	448	150	155	168	213	21	27	1,427	1,689
	451	62	57	73	82	9	10	611	626
General merchandise stores	452	41	46	445	578	43	55	2,525	2,770
	453	129	120	91	103	13	14	792	791
Nonstore retailers Transportation & warehousing ³	454	55	61	173	292	17	23	571	628
	48–49	200	218	382	656	116	172	3,651	4,436
	51	138	141	892	1,075	195	223	3,736	3,428
Publishing industries (except Internet) Motion picture & sound recording industries	511	32	30	242	273	66	76	1,090	1,028
	512	22	24	78	95	13	17	303	326
	515	10	10	74	99	14	18	291	291
	516	2	3	6	15	2	5	40	55
Telecommunications Internet service providers, Web search portals, and data processing	517	49 19	49 21	412 75	485 101	72 26	72 34	1,440 514	1,210 463
Other information services	519	3	4	5	7	2	2	58	55
	52	440	503	2,804	3,641	378	494	6,579	6,563
Real estate & rental & leasing 4	53	323	377	336	452	60	85	1,949	2,249
	54	771	852	887	1,352	376	515	7,244	8,121
	55	49	(S)	107	(S)	179	(S)	2,605	(S)
Admin/support waste management/remediation services	56	351	382	433	629	206	291	8,742	10,154
	561	332	360	381	556	194	275	8,410	9.787
Waste management & remediation services Educational services	562	19	21	51	73	12	16	332	367
	61	49	61	31	47	10	15	430	562
Health care and social assistance	62 621 622	705 489 6	779 545 7	1,207 489 500	1,697 692 713	496 203 197	666 280 263	15,052 4,925 5,174	5,791 5,536
Nursing & residential care facilities	623	69	76	127	168	59	74	2,831	3,056
	624	140	152	91	124	36	48	2,123	2,477
	71	110	124	142	189	45	58	1,849	2,071
Performing arts, spectator sports, & related industries	711	38	44	58	76	21	27	423	441
	712	7	7	9	13	3	4	123	129
Amusement, gambling, & recreation industries Accommodation & food services Accommodation.	713 72 721	66 566 61	73 627 63	75 449 128	99 613 180	21 128 35	27 170 46	1,303 10,121 1,813	1,500
Food services & drinking places	722	505	564	321	433	93	124	8,308	9,608
	81	538	538	307	418	83	100	3,475	3,516
	811	231	223	118	143	35	42	1,285	1,305
Personal and laundry services	812	201	208	72	84	23	27	1,297	1,341
	813	106	107	117	190	25	31	893	870

NA Not available. S Estimates did not meet publication standards. ¹ Based on North American Industry Classification System, 2002; see text, this section. ² For pay period including March 12. ³ For detailed industries, see Table 1068. ⁴ For detailed industries, see Table 1162.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "2007 Economic Census, Comparative Statistics for United States, Summary Statistics by 2002 NAICS," March 2009, https://factfinder.census.gov/>.

Table 756. Nonemployer Establishments and Receipts by Industry: 2000 to 2007

[Establishments: 16,530 represents 16,530,000. Includes only firms subject to federal income tax. Nonemployers are businesses with no paid employees. Data originate chiefly from administrative records of the Internal Revenue Service; see Appendix III. Data for 2000 based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), 1997; 2006 based on NAICS 2002; and 2007 based on NAICS 2007; see text, this section]

Kind of business	NAICS	Est	ablishments (1,000)	;		Receipts (mil. dol.)	
	code	2000	2006	2007	2000	2006	2007
All industries	(X)	16,530	20,769	21,708	709,379	970,384	991,792
Forestry, fishing & hunting, &							
agricultural support services	113-115	223	229	236	9,196	10,670	10,963
Mining		86	102	102	5,227	9,026	9,012
Utilities		14	17	18	504	698	728
Construction	23	2,014	2,549	2,657	107,538	159,432	159,042
Manufacturing	31-33	285	311	328	13,022	15,469	16,333
Wholesale trade	42	388	387	402	31,684	34,804	35,823
Retail trade		1,743	1,858	1,980	73,810	83,933	88,143
Transportation & warehousing	48-49	747	1,002	1,083	37,824	62,928	66,633
Information		238	318	307	7,620	10,776	10,958
Finance & insurance	52	692	758	764	49,058	52,768	54,351
Real estate & rental & leasing		1,696	2,421	2,327	133,398	193,105	183,264
Professional, scientific, & technical services	54	2,420	2,904	3,029	90,272	124,237	130,386
Admin/support waste mgt/remediation services	56	1,032	1,482	1,793	23,754	34,989	39,811
Educational services	61	283	482	528	3,736	6,509	7,215
Health care & social assistance	62	1,317	1,728	1,768	36,550	52,579	55,050
Arts, entertainment, & recreation	71	782	1,002	1,120	17,713	24,782	27,357
Accommodation & food services	72	218	287	303	13,418	15,694	16,071
Other services (except public administration)	81	2,350	2,931	2,965	55,056	77,986	80,653

X Not applicable.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "Nonemployer Statistics," June 2009, http://www.census.gov/econ/nonemployer/>.

Table 757. Establishments, Employees, and Payroll by Employment-Size Class: 1990 to 2007

[6,176 represents 6,176,000. Excludes most government employees, railroad employees, self-employed persons. Employees are for the week including March 12. Covers establishments with payroll. An establishment is a single physical location where business is conducted or where services or industrial operations are performed. For statement on methodology, see Appendix [II]

								-	
Employment-size class	Unit	1990	1995	2000	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Establishments, total	1,000	6,176	6,613	7,070	7,255	7,388	7,500	7,601	7,705
Under 20 employees		5,354	5,733	6,069	6,240	6,359	6,468	6,533	6,633
20 to 99 employees	1,000	684	730	826	845	856	856	886	892
100 to 499 employees	1,000	122	135	157	151	154	157	163	161
500 to 999 employees	1,000	10	10	12	11	12	12	12	12
1,000 or more employees	1,000	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7
Employees, total	1,000	93,476	100,335	114,065	113,398	115,075	116,317	119,917	120,604
Under 20 employees	1,000	24,373	25,785	27,569	28,313	28,701	28,874	29,429	30,057
20 to 99 employees	1,000	27,414	29,202	33,147	33,760	34,288	34,302	35,504	35,615
100 to 499 employees	1,000	22,926	25,364	29,736	28,549	28,976	29,591	30,616	30,453
500 to 999 employees	1,000	6,551	7,021	8,291	7,638	7,815	8,053	8,248	8,284
1,000 or more employees	1,000	12,212	12,962	15,322	15,138	15,295	15,497	16,120	16,196
Annual payroll, total	Bil. dol	2,104	2,666	3,879	4,041	4,254	4,483	4,792	5,027
Under 20 employees	Bil. dol	485	608	818	885	926	970	1,021	1,067
20 to 99 employees	Bil. dol	547	696	1,006	1,068	1,124	1,177	1,260	1,313
100 to 499 employees	Bil. dol	518	675	1,031	1,054	1,106	1,176	1,264	1,310
500 to 999 employees	Bil. dol	174	219	336	334	355	376	401	428
1,000 or more employees	Bil. dol	381	467	690	700	743	784	848	910

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "County Business Patterns," July 2009, http://www.census.gov/econ/cbp/>.

Table 758. Establishments, Employees, and Payroll by Employment-Size Class and Industry: 2000 to 2007

[Establishments and employees in thousands (7,070.0 represents 7,070,000); payroll in billions of dollars. See headnote, Table 757. Data for 2000 based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), 1997; 2006 and 2007 data based on NAICS 2002. See text, this section]

2002. Gee text, this section;			2007						
	NAICS				Under	20 to	100 to	500 to	1.000
Industry	code				20	99	499	999	or more
		2000, total	2006, total	Total	employ- ees	employ- ees	employ- ees	employ- ees	employ- ees
Establishments, total 1	(X)		7,601.2	7,705.0	6,632.9	891.6	161.3	12.1	7.1
Forestry, fishing & hunting, & ag support	113–115	26.1	23.6	23.6	22.2	1.3	0.2	(7)	(7)
servicesMining	21	23.7	26.2	26.2	20.3	4.7	1.0	(Z) 0.1	(Z) (Z)
Utilities	22	17.3	17.2	16.7	11.5	3.8	1.1	0.1	(Z)
Construction		709.6	802.3	811.5	739.4	63.3	8.2	0.4	0.2
Manufacturing		354.5	331.1	331.4	228.4	74.5	25.1	2.4	1.0
Wholesale trade	42 44–45	446.2 1,113.6	430.0 1,120.3	434.5 1,123.6	371.8 964.0	54.2 132.0	7.8 27.2	0.5 0.4	0.2 (Z)
Transportation and warehousing	48–49	190.0	215.1	219.8	183.4	29.0	6.5	0.4	0.3
Information		133.6	141.9	143.8	116.9	20.8	5.2	0.6	0.3
Finance and insurance		423.7	494.3	508.1	463.0	37.0	6.6	1.0	0.6
Real estate and rental and leasing Professional, scientific, and technical	53	300.2	382.1	380.1	363.5	14.6	1.8	0.1	(Z)
services	54	722.7	846.5	867.6	801.2	56.0	9.1	0.8	0.4
enterprises	55	47.4	48.3	50.6	33.4	11.6	4.5	0.7	0.4
Admin/support waste mgt/remediation services	56	351.5	378.3	384.5	319.9	46.6	15.7	1.5	0.9
Educational services	61	68.0	82.6	86.9	66.7	16.3	3.1	0.4	0.4
Health care and social assistance	62	658.6	762.5	784.2	664.7	94.3	21.5	1.8	2.0
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71 72	103.8 542.4	123.0 612.3	125.2	105.5	16.5	2.9	0.2	0.1
Accommodation and food services Other services ²	81	723.3	736.4	632.5 744.3	452.6 694.7	169.7 45.4	9.7 4.0	0.4 0.2	0.2 0.1
Unclassified establishments	99	99.0	27.0	10.0	9.9	(Z)	(Z)	- 0.2	-
Employees, total ¹	(X)	114,065	119,917	120,604	30,057	35,615	30,453	8,284	16,196
services	113–115	184	166	172	79	48	32	5	9
Mining		456	554	701	100	195	207	90	108
Utilities		655	614	623	62	170	225	92	74
Construction	23 31–33	6,573 16,474	7,339 13,632	7,268 13,320	2,769 1,318	2,457 3,276	1,482 5,019	270 1,618	289 2,089
Wholesale trade	42	6,112	6,031	5,965	1,792	2,119	1,445	318	291
Retail trade	44-45	14,841	15,768	15,760	5,186	5,245	5,012	245	72
Transportation and warehousing	48–49	3,790	4,306	4,395	752	1,195	1,232	474	742
Information	51	3,546	3,396	3,399	526	883	1,047	409	534
Finance and insurance	52 53	5,963 1,942	6,647 2,217	6,549 2,224	2,017 1,194	1,432 552	1,335 329	684 78	1,082 72
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	6,816	8,054	8,180	2,749	2,185	1,742	510	994
Management of companies and enterprises	55	2,874	2,916	3,121	183	519	971	469	979
services	56	9,138	10,004	9,984	1,254	2,035	3,069	1,006	2,620
Educational services	61	2,532	2,980	3,039	321	685	603	289	1,141
Health care and social assistance		14,109	16,451	16,798	3,531	3,760	3,966	1,220	4,321
Arts, entertainment, and recreation Accommodation and food services	71 72	1,741 9,881	1,974 11,381	2,009 11,565	400 2,858	694 6,516	544 1,512	138 258	233 421
Other services 2	81	5,293	5,459	5,520	2,955	1,648	680	111	126
Unclassified establishments	99	144	30	13	3	1	-	-	-
Annual payroll, total ¹ Forestry, fishing & hunting, & ag support	(X)	3,879	4,792	5,027	1,067	1,313	1,310	428	910
services	113–115	5	5	6	3	2	1	(Z)	(Z)
Mining		22	37	40	5	11	12	6	7
Utilities Construction		41 240	48 322	51 336	4 106	12 119	19 80	9 15	7 15
Manufacturing		644	620	627	49	136	227	81	134
Wholesale trade	42	270	323	328	89	112	82	21	24
Retail trade	44–45	303	368	375	116	129	120	7	3
Transportation and warehousing	48–49	126 209	166 213	175	28	46 51	48 71	19 29	35 42
Information	51 52	347	481	223 511	30 107	116	117	55	115
Real estate and rental and leasing		59	88	89	42	25	16	4	3
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	362	497	533	145	149	132	39	68
Management of companies and enterprises	55	211	266	293	18	45	89	43	98
Admin/support waste mgt/remediation services	56	210	283	300	45	66	82	26	81
Educational services		62	88	94	8	18	19	7	41
Health care and social assistance		431	627	668	147	133	125	51	212
Arts, entertainment, and recreation		43	57 167	176	15	14	20	5 7	6
Accommodation and food services Other services ²	72 81	126 110	167 134	176 141	41 69	87 43	28 21	4	13 4
Unclassified establishments	99	4	1	(Z)	(Z)	(D)	(D)		

Represents zero. D Data withheld to avoid disclosure. X Not applicable. Z Less than 50 establishments. ¹ Totals for 2000 include auxiliaries. Beginning 2006, cases previously classified under NAICS code 95 (auxiliaries) are coded in the operating NAICS sector of the establishment. ² Except public administration.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "County Business Patterns," July 2009, http://www.census.gov/econ/cbp/>.

Table 759. Employer Firms, Employment, and Annual Payroll by Employment Size of Firm and Industry: 2007

[6,050 represents 6,050,000. A firm is an aggregation of all establishments owned by a parent company (within a geographic location and/or industry) with some annual payroll. A firm may be a single location or it can include multiple locations. Employment is measured in March and payroll is annual leading to some firms with zero employment. Numbers in parentheses represent North American Industry Classification System codes, 2002; see text, this section]

American moustry classification system cod	163, 2002, 36	le text, till	3 Section]	All indu	ustries—e	employme	ent size o	f firm	
Industry and data type	Unit		0	5	10	20	100	Less than	500
		Total	to 4	to 9	to 19	to 99	to 499	500	or more
Total ¹: Firms Employment. Annual payroll	1,000 1,000 Bil. dol	6,050 120,604 5,027	3,705 6,139 235	1,060 6,975 222	645 8,656 292	532 20,923 769	89 17,174 687	6,031 59,867 2,205	18 60,737 2,822
Construction (23): Firms Employment. Annual payroll	1,000	800	525	132	76	58	7	799	1
	1,000	7,268	832	863	1,022	2,220	1,254	6,190	1,077
	Bil. dol	336	32	30	41	105	66	273	63
Manufacturing (31–33): Firms Employment. Annual payroll	1,000	287	115	54	45	56	14	283	4
	1,000	13,320	213	358	612	2,289	2,446	5,918	7,402
	Bil. dol	627	8	12	22	92	103	237	389
Wholesale trade (42): Firms Employment. Annual payroll	1,000	335	190	57	39	37	8	332	3
	1,000	5,965	325	378	525	1,366	1,041	3,636	2,329
	Bil. dol	328	16	17	25	68	54	180	148
Retail trade (44–45): Firms Employment. Annual payroll	1,000	713	418	147	81	56	8	711	2
	1,000	15,760	769	968	1,076	2,095	1,231	6,139	9,621
	Bil. dol	375	18	21	26	63	40	169	207
Transportation & warehousing (48–49): Firms Employment. Annual payroll	1,000 1,000 Bil. dol	174 4,395 175	112 169 6	24 161 5	16 220 7	15 572 20	4 497 19	172 1,618 57	2 2,777 118
Information (51): Firms Employment. Annual payroll	1,000	76	46	11	8	8	2	75	1
	1,000	3,399	68	74	106	306	323	877	2,522
	Bil. dol	223	5	3	5	17	20	49	174
Finance & insurance (52): Firms Employment. Annual payroll	1,000	264	188	38	17	15	4	262	2
	1,000	6,549	324	241	222	624	724	2,135	4,414
	Bil. dol	511	14	13	15	44	54	139	371
Professional, scientific and technical services (54): Firms Employment Annual payroll.	1,000	787	571	106	59	41	7	784	3
	1,000	8,180	858	694	785	1,527	1,131	4,995	3,185
	Bil. dol	533	44	34	43	99	79	299	234
Management of companies and enterprises (55): Firms Employment	1,000 1,000	28 3,121	4 4	1 4	1 7	6 78	9 290	21 384	7 2,738
Annual payroll. Admin/support waste mgt/ remediation services (56): Firms.	1,000	293	208	(Z) 49	30	5 29	19	26 325	267
Employment	1,000	9,984	314	322	409	1,161	1,518	3,724	6,259
	Bil. dol	300	12	10	13	37	41	112	188
Educational services (61): Firms	1,000	77	38	12	10	13	3	76	1
	1,000	3,039	58	79	133	551	543	1,364	1,676
	Bil. dol	94	2	2	3	14	17	37	57
Health care and social assistance (62): Firms Employment Annual payroll	1,000	615	314	142	80	59	16	611	4
	1,000	16,798	582	937	1,066	2,364	3,041	7,990	8,808
	Bil. dol	668	29	37	44	88	95	293	375
Accommodation and food services (72): Firms Employment. Annual payroll	1,000	477	203	92	85	86	9	475	2
	1,000	11,565	328	617	1,159	3,188	1,563	6,855	4,710
	Bil. dol	176	8	7	14	43	22	94	82
Other services (except public administration) (81): Firms	1,000	677	426	137	67	41	4	676	1
	1,000	5,520	795	890	879	1,481	631	4,677	843
	Bil. dol	141	18	20	21	37	19	114	26

Z Less than \$500 million. 1 Includes other industries, not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Small Business Administration, Office of Advocacy, "Statistics of U.S. Businesses," http://www.sba.gov/advo/research/data.html accessed June 2010.

Table 760. Employer Firms, Employment, and Payroll by Employment Size of Firm and State: 2000 and 2007

[5,652.5 represents 5,652,500. A firm is an aggregation of all establishments owned by a parent company (within a state) with some annual payroll. A firm may be a single location or it can include multiple locations. Employment is measured in March and payroll is annual leading to some firms with zero employment]

	Employer firms (1,000)				Er	mployment 2007	,	Annual payroll, 2007			
	200	0		2007			(mil.)			(bil. dol.)	
State	Takal	Less than 20 employ-	Takal	Less than 20 employ-	Less than 500 employ-	Total	Less than 20 employ-	Less than 500 employ-	Total	Less than 20 employ-	Less than 500 employ-
U.S	Total 5,652.5	ees 5,035.0	Total 6,049.7	ees 5,410.4	ees 6,031.3	Total 120.6	21.8	ees 59.9	Total 5,026.8	749.4	2,204.8
AL	79.9	68.2	81.6	69.2	79.3	1.7	0.3	0.8	58.3	8.8	26.4
AK	15.9 93.0 52.4 664.6	14.0 79.3 45.4 581.1	16.8 113.3 53.7 730.8	14.7 96.7 46.2 645.3	16.3 110.3 52.1 725.0	1.7 0.2 2.4 1.0 13.8	0.3 0.1 0.4 0.2 2.6	0.6 0.1 1.1 0.5 7.1	90.8 33.3 653.9	2.3 13.0 5.1 102.0	5.6 38.6 13.9 295.4
CO CT DE DC FL	116.2 78.5 20.2 16.3 354.0	101.5 67.2 16.6 12.4 319.3	131.9 77.1 20.7 16.9 432.3	116.3 65.8 16.6 12.6 392.9	128.9 75.1 19.3 15.7 427.8	2.1 1.5 0.4 0.5 7.4	0.4 0.3 0.1 0.1 1.3	1.0 0.8 0.2 0.2 3.3	87.8 81.5 18.6 28.8 267.5	14.7 11.9 2.3 3.3 45.1	39.2 37.4 6.9 12.1 113.7
GA	160.4 24.3 32.2 254.1 116.3	138.3 20.8 28.0 218.1 98.1	184.7 26.9 40.7 264.3 118.2	160.3 22.8 35.7 228.9 100.3	180.7 26.0 39.6 259.9 115.3	3.6 0.5 0.5 5.4 2.6	0.6 0.1 0.1 0.9 0.4	1.7 0.3 0.3 2.6 1.3	142.1 18.3 17.5 243.3 94.8	20.6 3.3 3.9 34.2 12.5	58.3 9.6 9.4 105.1 40.6
IA	65.6 61.6 72.3 81.7 34.1	56.2 52.4 61.0 69.5 30.1	65.9 62.1 72.8 83.2 35.8	56.4 52.6 61.3 70.4 31.5	64.1 60.1 70.6 81.1 34.8	1.3 1.2 1.6 1.6 0.5	0.2 0.2 0.3 0.3	0.7 0.6 0.8 0.9 0.3	43.4 42.0 52.4 59.2 17.0	6.3 6.5 7.3 9.5 3.6	20.0 19.8 22.6 29.2 9.4
MD MA MI MN	106.0 148.2 193.9 116.2 48.3	90.4 127.8 167.2 99.4 41.5	115.3 144.8 188.5 123.7 48.7	98.6 124.7 164.1 106.6 41.6	112.6 141.8 185.4 121.2 47.1	2.2 3.1 3.7 2.5 0.9	0.4 0.5 0.7 0.4 0.2	1.2 1.5 1.9 1.3 0.5	99.5 157.2 150.9 107.2 28.6	15.3 21.7 22.5 13.7 4.7	47.3 67.6 67.2 44.2 13.0
MO MT NE NV NH	118.1 28.0 41.4 40.3 32.1	101.1 25.0 35.5 33.4 27.3	122.6 33.0 42.8 51.3 33.0	105.1 29.5 36.7 42.5 28.0	119.8 32.3 41.4 49.2 31.9	2.5 0.4 0.8 1.2 0.6	0.4 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1	1.2 0.2 0.4 0.5 0.3	91.3 10.6 27.2 44.4 22.8	12.6 2.9 4.0 6.3 4.3	38.5 6.8 11.8 18.8 11.9
NJ	202.2 35.5 424.8 163.6 17.2	178.4 30.1 379.2 142.0 14.7	208.0 38.3 446.0 179.8 17.9	183.5 32.3 400.2 155.8 15.1	204.8 36.8 441.7 176.3 17.2	3.7 0.6 7.5 3.6 0.3	0.7 0.1 1.5 0.6 0.1	1.9 0.4 3.9 1.7 0.2	184.2 21.9 429.1 132.0 9.1	28.6 3.9 60.6 19.6 1.7	80.2 10.8 179.1 55.2 4.9
OHOKORPARI	212.5 70.2 85.1 237.5 25.2	180.5 61.0 74.2 204.6 21.5	205.5 73.6 94.3 240.6 26.4	174.9 63.5 82.4 207.1 22.5	201.7 71.6 92.2 236.6 25.5	4.8 1.3 1.5 5.2 0.4	0.8 0.3 0.3 0.9 0.1	2.3 0.7 0.8 2.6 0.2	181.0 44.6 56.0 208.0 17.0	23.9 7.4 9.9 28.8 3.1	76.5 21.2 27.9 90.5 8.7
SC SD TN TX UT	78.4 20.6 102.4 369.0 46.2	67.2 17.7 86.7 321.3 39.3	85.1 22.0 104.7 397.7 61.0	72.9 18.9 88.2 344.7 52.6	82.7 21.3 101.7 392.3 59.2	1.6 0.3 2.5 9.0 1.1	0.3 0.1 0.4 1.4 0.2	0.8 0.2 1.1 4.1 0.5	53.9 10.1 90.1 373.0 38.7	8.8 2.0 12.2 51.4 6.1	24.3 5.6 37.9 152.0 17.7
VT	19.1 139.7 138.2 33.5 115.6 15.9	16.7 120.3 120.9 28.8 98.2 13.9	19.5 157.5 153.6 31.9 117.4 18.1	16.9 136.1 135.0 27.1 99.9 15.7	18.9 154.2 150.8 30.8 115.0 17.5	0.3 3.2 2.5 0.6 2.5 0.2	0.1 0.6 0.5 0.1 0.4 0.1	0.2 1.5 1.4 0.3 1.3 0.1	8.8 136.3 112.3 18.1 92.6 8.2	2.0 19.5 17.9 2.9 13.0 1.9	5.3 59.6 51.5 8.3 42.4 4.7

Source: U.S. Small Business Administration, Office of Advocacy, "Statistics of U.S. Businesses," http://www.sba.gov/advo/research/data.html, July 2010.

Table 761. Employer Firms, Establishments, Employment, and Annual Payroll by Firm Size: 1990 to 2007

[In thousands except as noted (5,074 represents 5,074,000). Firms are an aggregation of all establishments owned by a parent company with some annual payroll. Establishments are locations with active payroll in any quarter. This table illustrates the changing importance of enterprise sizes over time, not job growth, as enterprises can grow or decline and change enterprise size cells over time]

			Al	l industries-	-employment	size of firm		
Item						100	Less	500 or
	Total	0 to 4 1	5 to 9	10 to 19	20 to 99	to 499	than 500	more
Firms:								
1990	5,074	3,021	952	563	454	70	5,060	14
1995	5,369	3,250	981	577	470	76	5,354	15
2000	5,653	3,397	1,021	617	516	84	5,635	17
2003	5,767	3,504	1,025	620	515	85	5,750	17
2004	5,886	3,580	1,043	633	526	87	5,869	17
2005	5,984	3,678	1,050	630	521	87	5,966	17
2006	6,022	3,670	1,061	647	536	91	6,004	18
2007	6,050	3,705	1,060	645	532	89	6,031	18
Establishments:								
1990	6,176	3,032	971	600	590	255	5,448	728
1995	6,613	3,260	998	618	639	284	5,799	814
2000	7,070	3,406	1,035	652	674	312	6,080	990
2003	7,255	3,510	1,038	655	687	331	6,222	1,033
2004	7,388	3,586	1,056	667	693	330	6,331	1,056
2005	7,500	3,684	1,063	662	679	332	6,421	1,079
2006	7,601	3,677	1,073	679	698	346	6,473	1,129
2007	7,705	3,711	1,074	682	723	356	6,546	1,159
Employment:								
1990	93,469	5,117	6,252	7,543	17,710	13,545	50,167	43,302
1995	100,315	5,395	6,440	7,734	18,422	14,660	52,653	47,662
2000	114,065	5,593	6,709	8,286	20,277	16,260	57,124	56,941
2003	113,398	5,768	6,732	8,330	20,187	16,430	57,448	55,950
2004	115,075	5,845	6,853	8,500	20,643	16,758	58,597	56,477
2005	116,317	5,937	6,898	8,454	20,444	16,911	58,645	57,672
2006	119,917	5,960	6,974	8,676	21,077	17,537	60,224	59,693
2007	120,604	6,139	6,975	8,656	20,923	17,174	59,867	60,737
Annual payroll (bil. dol.):								
1990	2,104	117	114	144	352	279	1,007	1,097
1995	2,666	142	137	175	437	361	1,252	1,414
2000	3,879	186	174	231	608	528	1,727	2,152
2003	4,041	197	187	247	635	552	1,818	2,222
2004	4,254	206	196	258	670	588	1,917	2,337
2005	4,483	220	206	269	700	617	2,013	2,470
2006	4,792	230	214	282	742	661	2,129	2,664
2007	5,027	235	222	292	769	687	2,205	2,822

¹ Employment is measured in March, thus some firms (start-ups after March, closures before March, and seasonal firms) will have zero employment and some annual payroll.

Table 762. Number of Active Establishments by Firm Age and Size of Employer: 2005

[In thousands (2,869 represents 2,869,000). A firm may have one establishment (a single unit establishment) or many establishments (a multi-unit firm). Firms are defined at the enterprise level such that all establishments under the operational control of the enterprise are considered part of the firm. These data include nearly all nonfarm private establishments with paid employees as well as some public sector activities. The Business Dynamics Statistics data measure the net change in employment at the establishment level. Data are not to be compared with Table 759, which is shown by industry based on North American Industry Classification System codes. Data are also not comparable to U.S. Small Business Administration data (Tables 760 and 761) due to differing survey methodologies. For more information about concepts and methodology, see http://www.ces.census.gov/index.php/bds/bds_overviews]

				Firm size				Share of	Share
Firm age ¹					100 to	Less	500 or	employ-	of job
	1 to 4	5 to 9	10 to 19	20 to 99	499	than 500	more	ment	creation
Total	2,869	1,088	666	675	328	5,626	1,030	1.00	1.00
Startups	470	44	18	11	3	546	2	0.08	0.19
1 to 5 years	932	310	159	112	19	1,533	7	0.23	0.15
6 to 10 years	510	213	126	110	31	990	23	0.15	0.10
11 to 20 years	553	267	168	153	58	1,199	85	0.19	0.13
21 years and over	403	253	195	290	218	1,358	913	0.34	0.43
Share of employment	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.18	0.15	0.51	0.49	(X)	(X)
Share of job creation	0.11	0.08	0.08	0.17	0.14	0.58	0.42	(X)	(X)

X Not applicable. ¹ Establishment age is computed by taking the difference between the current year of operation and the birth year. Firm age is computed from the age of the establishments belonging to that particular firm. For more information, see http://www.ces.census.gov/index.php/bds/bds overview>.

Source: U.S. Small Business Administration, Office of Advocacy, "Statistics of U.S. Businesses," http://www.sba.gov/advo/research/data.html, accessed June 2010.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Center for Economic Studies, "Business Dynamics Statistics," http://www.ces.census.gov/index.php/bds/bds_database_list, accessed August 2010.

Table 763. Establishment Births, Deaths, and Employment by Sector and Firm Type—Startups, Young, and Mature Firms: 2005

[In thousands (519 represents 519,000). A firm may have one establishment (a single unit establishment) or many establishments (a multi-unit firm). Firms are defined at the enterprise level such that all establishments under the operational control of the enterprise are considered part of the firm. Sectors based on the Standard Industrial Classification System (SIC); see http://www.osha.gov/pls/imis/sic_manual.html. These data include nearly all nonfarm private establishments with paid employees as well as some public sector activities. The Business Dynamics Statistics data measure the net change in employment at the establishment level. Data are not to be compared with Tables 759, 761, and 764, which are shown by industry based on North American Industry Classification System codes. Data are also not comparable to U.S. Small Business Administration data due to differing survey methodologies. For more information about concepts and methodology, see "https://www.ces.census.gov/index.php/bds/bds_overview>"https://www.ces.census.gov/index.php/bds/bds_overview>"https://www.ces.census.gov/index.php/bds/bds_overview>"https://www.ces.census.gov/index.php/bds/bds_overview>"https://www.ces.census.gov/index.php/bds/bds_overview>"https://www.ces.census.gov/index.php/bds/bds_overview>"https://www.ces.census.gov/index.php/bds/bds_overview>"https://www.ces.census.gov/index.php/bds/bds_overview>"https://www.ces.census.gov/index.php/bds/bds_overview>"https://www.ces.census.gov/index.php/bds/bds_overview>"https://www.ces.census.gov/index.php/bds/bds_overview>"https://www.ces.census.gov/index.php/bds/bds_overview>"https://www.ces.census.gov/index.php/bds/bds_overview>"https://www.ces.census.gov/index.php/bds/bds_overview>"https://www.ces.census.gov/index.php/bds/bds_overview>"https://www.ces.census.gov/index.php/bds/bds_overview>"https://www.ces.census.gov/index.php/bds/bds_overview>"https://www.ces.census.go

	Est	ablishmen	ts			Chang	e in employ	ment	
Sector and firm type ¹				Number of employ-	Net	Due to	Due to	Due to birth and expan-	Due to death and contrac-
	Number	Births 2	Deaths 3	ees	total	births 2	deaths ³	sion 4	tion 4
All sectors: 5									
Startups ⁶ Young firms ⁷ Mature firms ⁸ Agriculture:	519 2,512 3,533	519 100 169	- 408 238	3,444 23,990 87,600	3,444 -996 -162	3,296 675 3,072	2,473 2,877	3,444 4,386 10,209	5,382 10,371
Štartups ⁶ Young firms ⁷ Mature firms ⁸ Mining:	12 57 45	12 3 2	- 10 4	67 473 607	67 36 –2	67 23 22	49 28	67 142 97	106 100
Startups ⁶ Young firms ⁷ Mature firms ⁸ Construction:	1 7 14	1 (Z) 1	- 1 1	12 77 392	12 -3 12	12 2 14	- 11 11	12 16 57	19 45
Startups ⁶ Young firms ⁷ Mature firms ⁸ Transportation, communication, and utilities:	38 269 246	38 13 8	53 23	179 2,066 3,984	179 -105 -137	179 52 55	235 167	179 446 571	551 707
Startups ⁶	22 104 168	22 5 12	20 15	148 993 5,383	148 -64 -16	(Z) 33 302	124 212	148 180 724	244 740
Startups ⁶ Young firms ⁷ Mature firms ⁸	24 147 285	24 5 12	- 22 17	130 1,167 5,690	130 -35 4	130 28 210	110 204	130 201 692	236 688
Manufacturing: Startups ⁶ Young firms ⁷ Mature firms ⁸ Retail:	16 102 205	16 3 5	- 15 13	206 1,450 13,482	206 -53 -153	206 39 231	157 335	206 253 1,171	306 1,324
Startups ⁶ Young firms ⁷ Mature firms ⁸ Finance, insurance, and real	118 519 835	118 18 37	95 46	960 5,189 18,760	960 -555 105	960 124 802	- 623 481	960 772 2,210	1,327 2,105
estate: Startups ⁶ Young firms ⁷ Mature firms ⁸ Services:	53 241 422	53 10 39	- 35 40	234 1,552 6,688	234 -66 -85	234 58 477	167 467	234 291 1,031	357 1,116
Startups ⁶ Young firms ⁷ Mature firms ⁸	233 1,065 1,312	233 42 52	- 157 80	1,507 11,024 32,614	1,507 -151 109	1,507 315 959	997 971	1,507 2,084 3,657	2,235 3,548

⁻ Represents zero. Z Less than 500. ¹ Establishment type is computed by taking the difference between the current year of operation and the birth year. Firm age is computed from the age of the establishments belonging to that particular firm. For more information, see <http://www.ces.census.gov/index.php/bds/bds_overview>.² Birth year is defined as the year an establishment first reports positive employment.³ Death year is defined as the year an establishment permanently shuts down.⁴ For explanation of expansions and contractions, see <http://www.ces.census.gov/index.php/bds/bds_overview>.⁵ Excludes government and those sectors not elsewhere classified. Less than 1 year old. ² 1–10 years old. ⁶ More than 10 years old.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Center for Economic Studies, "Business Dynamics Statistics," http://www.ces.census.gov/index.php/bds/bds_database_list, accessed August 2010.

Table 764. Firm Births and Deaths by Employment Size of Enterprise: 1990 to 2006

[In thousands (541.1 represents 541,100). Data represent activity from March of the beginning year to March of the ending year. Establishments with no employment in the first quarter of the beginning year were excluded. This table provides the number of births and deaths of initial establishments (based on Census ID) as an approximation of firm births and deaths]

		Births (initia	l locations)			Deaths (initia	l locations)	
Item		Less than	Less than	500		Less than	Less than	500
item		20	500	employees		20	500	employees
	Total	employees	employees	or more	Total	employees	employees	or more
Firms:								
1990 to 1991	541.1	515.9	540.9	0.3	546.5	517.0	546.1	0.4
1995 to 1996	597.8	572.4	597.5	0.3	512.4	485.5	512.0	0.4
2000 to 2001	585.1	558.0	584.8	0.3	553.3	524.0	552.8	0.5
2001 to 2002 1	569.8	541.5	568.3	1.5	586.9	557.1	586.5	0.4
2002 to 2003	612.3	585.6	612.0	0.3	540.7	514.6	540.3	0.3
2003 to 2004	628.9	601.9	628.7	0.3	541.0	515.0	540.7	0.3
2004 to 2005	644.1	616.0	643.9	0.3	565.7	539.1	565.5	0.3
2005 to 2006	670.1	640.7	669.8	0.2	599.3	573.3	599.1	0.3
Employment:								
1990 to 1991	3,105	1,713	2,907	198	3,208	1,723	3,044	164
1995 to 1996	3,256	1,845	3,056	200	3,100	1,560	2,808	291
2000 to 2001	3,418	1,821	3,109	310	3,262	1,701	3,050	212
2001 to 2002 1	3,370	1,748	3,034	336	3,660	1,755	3,257	403
2002 to 2003	3,667	1,856	3,174	493	3,324	1,608	2,880	445
2003 to 2004	3,575	1,889	3,241	334	3,221	1,615	2,868	353
2004 to 2005	3,609	1,931	3,279	330	3,307	1,685	2,981	326
2005 to 2006	3,682	1,999	3,412	270	3,220	1,711	2,964	256

¹ A change in methodology ("based on Census ID" rather than "plant number") has affected the allocation of firms by employment size.

Table 765. Establishments and Employment Changes from Births, Deaths, Expansions, and Contractions by Employment Size of Enterprise: 2005 to 2006

[In thousands (6,639 represents 6,639,000), except percent. See headnote, Table 764. An establishment is a single physical location at which business is conducted or where services or industrial operations are performed. An enterprise is a business organization consisting of one or more domestic establishments under common ownership or control. Minus sign (–) indicates decrease]

						Percent change in employment due to—				
Employment size					Change in			Births and	Deaths	
of firm	Establish-			Employ-	employ-			expan-	and con-	
	ments	Births 1	Deaths 2	ment	ment	Births 1	Deaths 2	sions 3	tractions 4	
Total	6,639	825	702	116,294	3,598	5.8	-4.6	16.2	-13.2	
1–4	2,857	514	467	5,932	1,002	15.1	-13.3	37.9	-21.0	
5–9	1,062	85	73	6,893	296	8.0	-6.8	21.6	-17.3	
10–19	662	43	37	8,449	292	6.6	-5.5	18.7	-15.3	
20–99	678	42	31	20,438	590	5.4	-4.3	16.0	-13.1	
100–499	328	29	15	16,910	346	5.3	-3.7	14.5	-12.5	
Less than 500	5,587	713	623	58,622	2,526	6.8	-5.5	18.8	-14.5	
500 or more	1,052	112	79	57,672	1,073	4.8	-3.7	13.6	-11.7	

¹ Births are establishments that have zero employment in the first quarter of the initial year and positive employment in the first quarter of the subsequent year.² Deaths are establishments that have positive employment in the first quarter of the initial year and zero employment in the first quarter of the subsequent year.³ Expansions are establishments that have positive first quarter employment in both the initial and subsequent years and increase employment during the time period between the first quarter of the initial year and the first quarter of the subsequent year.⁴ Contractions are establishments that have positive first quarter employment in both the initial and subsequent years and decrease employment during the time period between the first quarter of the initial year and the first quarter of the subsequent year.

Source: U.S. Small Business Administration, Office of Advocacy, "Statistics of U.S. Businesses," http://www.sba.gov/advo/research/data.html, accessed August 2010.

Source: U.S. Small Business Administration, Office of Advocacy, "Firm Size Data, Statistics of U.S. Businesses and Nonemployer Statistics," https://www.sba.gov/advo/research/data.html.

Table 766. Employer Firm Births and Deaths and Business Bankruptcies by State: 2005 to 2008

[Births represent an employing unit which is determined, for the first time, as meeting the definition of "employer" in the state unemployment compensation law or a previously terminated employing unit, which again is determined as meeting the definition of employer]

04-4-	Births				Deaths		Busines	s bankrupto	ies 1
State	2005	2007	2008	2005	2007	2008	2005	2007	2008
United States 2	938,927	923,932	874,816	935,736	926,283	966,647	32,406	23,889	33,822
Alabama	10,575	9,813	9,194	10,168	10,710	11,468	322	285	395
Alaska	1,982	1,777	1,922	2,294	3,615	2,879	67	63	78
Arizona	21,339	18,208	15,847	18,249	16,019	21,219	522	332	691
Arkansas	7,591	8,157	8,499	7,021	7,596	7,511	363	335	429
California	121,482	113,829	103,572	151,944	143,591	150,314	3,576	2,697	4,697
Colorado	26,610	23,035	21,921	14,035	23,080	27,591	748	536	756
Connecticut	9,220	9,265	9,164	11,131	11,052	11,488	104	250	366
Delaware	3,299	2,921	2,980	3,355	2,775	3,698	190	243	361
District of Columbia	4,316	4,302	3,939	3,952	3,378	2,765	46	35	42
Florida	84,890	75,533	72,203	58,737	60,724	72,003	1,278	1,455	2,759
Georgia	29,804	30,062	28,980	29,315	29,517	29,945	2,161	1,316	1,714
Hawaii	3,763	3,611	3,475	3,794	4,185	3,973	55	43	51
Idaho	9,312	8,065	6,854	6,334	6,995	7,273	141	79	167
Illinois	30,445	30,013	31,493	32,846	33,213	35,689	901	868	1,178
Indiana	14,545	13,863	13,959	16,504	12,826	14,380	586	484	692
lowa	6,004	5,903	5,893	6,802	7,601	7,679	367	227	270
Kansas	7,095	7,799	8,156	7,330	8,376	7,648	313	196	244
Kentucky	9,617	8,816	8,821	8,515	8,320	8,790	297	258	390
Louisiana	9,393	10,356	9,527	9,123	8,334	7,656	683	451	571
Maine	4,251	4,243	4,202	4,711	4,565	5,095	.98	118	154
Maryland	22,083	20,168	18,392	21,769	20,835	21,251	493	406	405
Massachusetts	19,723	18,427	18,581	18,878	21,695	20,223	350	297	334
Michigan	24,642	23,166	22,090	26,971	20,359	34,272	757	1,019	1,394
Minnesota	12,555	12,313	11,811	15,302	12,004	12,597	1,400	473	656
Mississippi	6,071	6,871	5,776	6,823	7,550	6,800	186	234	298
Missouri	17,239	15,510	15,061	20,109	19,422	21,290	368	316	534
Montana	4,768	4,751	4,181	4,394	4,476	4,771	116	47	71
Nebraska	5,127	4,752	4,602	4,982	5,092	5,200	265	202	221
Nevada	11,299	11,057	10,202	8,485	9,222	10,771	292	234	395
New Hampshire	4,758	4,588	4,587	5,406	5,523	5,515	441	306	318
New Jersey	33,022	36,381	26,774	32,751	34,183	31,167	661	705	925
New Mexico	5,272	6,158	5,971	5,670	6,003	5,972	755	102	185
New York	62,045	67,577	65,624	62,667	65,500	69,267	1,488	1,235	1,534
North Carolina	25,906	29,042	24,153	22,867	23,570	23,734	537 74	473 57	738 54
North Dakota	1,893 22,542	1,812 21,900	1,842 20,361	2,512 23,429	2,192 23,434	2,344 21,038	1,590	1,172	1,436
Ohio	8,609	8,961	8,943	7,231	7,777	7,787	751	315	392
Oklahoma	14,445	14,333	13,952	14,804	13,479	14,182	871	298	283
Oregon	36,609	34,558	35,587	36,989	34,528	42,318	1,159	889	1,078
Rhode Island	3,677	3,460	3,310	4,164	4,536	4,459	75	65	1,076
South Carolina	12,341	12,554	11,634	10,681	11,603	11,657	163	118	196
South Dakota	2,102	2,124	2,127	2,354	2,442	2,311	149	74	95
Tennessee	17,484	17,619	17,167	17,135	17,602	18,614	542	483	653
Texas	55,858	55,865	55,214	55,039	55,269	36,108	2,964	2,241	2.728
Utah	11,536	13,403	11,238	11,871	11,419	8,105	427	139	302
Vermont	1,911	2,228	2,146	2,346	2,374	2,555	65	56	52
Virginia	25,061	28,174	25,517	21,359	21,726	23,971	527	436	798
Washington	30,353	33,191	33,701	40,944	35,077	37,955	681	439	565
West Virginia	3,493	3,434	3,363	4,869	4,824	4,644	229	117	169
Wisconsin	13,656	12,663	12,905	13,397	12,920	12,711	785	363	525
Wyoming	2,632	2,707	2,593	2,689	2,903	2,703	60	35	42
**yoning	2,002	2,101	۷,593	۷,009	۷,503	۷,703	- 00	- 33	42

¹ For year ending June 30. See headnote, Table 771. ² Includes Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands, not shown separately. Bankruptcy data also includes Guam and Northern Mariana Islands.

Table 767. Small Business Administration Loans to Minority-Owned Small Businesses: 2000 to 2009

[3,634 represents \$3,634,000,000. For year ending September 30. A small business must be independently owned and operated, must not be dominant in its particular industry, and must meet standards set by the Small Business Administration as to its annual receipts or number of employees]

B dim quite course		Num	ber of loa	ns		Amount (mil. dol.)					
Minority group	2000	2005	2007	2008	2009	2000	2005	2007	2008	2009	
Total minority loans	11,999 24.8	29,721 28.3	36,330 32.9	24,851 31.7	11,104 21.8	3,634 29.4	6,132 30.2	6,853 33.3	5,674 31.6	3,304 25.2	
African American	2,120 5,838 3,500 541	6,635 13,457 8,794 835	8,919 15,433 11,049 929	7,127 10,813 6,249 662	2,780 5,331 2,666 327	388 2,383 761 101	627 4,056 1,325 123	919 4,324 1,482 128	1,009 3,517 1,037 111	512 2,131 612 49	

Source: U.S. Small Business Administration, Management Information Summary, unpublished data.

Source: U.S. Small Business Administration, unpublished data, and Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts, "Bankruptcy Statistics"; http://www.uscourts.gov/bnkrpctystats/statistics.htm.

Table 768. U.S. Firms—Ownership by Women, Race, and Hispanic or Latino Origin: 2002

[22,975 represents 22,975,000. A Hispanic firm may be of any race and therefore may be included in more than one race group. See text, this section]

	All firn	ns 1	Firms with paid employees						
		Sales and		Sales and					
Group		receipts		receipts		Annual pay-			
	Firms	(billion	Firms	(billion	Employees	roll (billion			
	(1,000)	dollars)	(1,000)	dollars)	(1,000)	dollars)			
All firms ²	22,975	22,604	5,525	21,836	110,767	3,812			
Female-owned	6,489	940	917	803	7,141	174			
Male-owned	13,184	7,061	3,525	6,564	42,429	1,320			
Equally male-/female-owned	2,693	732	718	627	5,665	130			
Publicly held and other firms 3	494	13,820	353	13,797	55,398	2,186			
Hispanic or Latino origin	1,573	222	200	180	1,537	37			
Black	1,198	89	95	66	754	18			
American Indian and Alaska Native	201	27	24	22	191	5			
Asian	1,104	327	319	291	2,214	56			
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	29	4	4	4	29	1			

¹ Both firms with paid employees and firms with no paid employees. ² U.S. totals are based on the 2002 Economic Census, where as the gender, Hispanic or Latino origin, and race estimates are based on the 2002 Survey of Business Owners. ³ Publicly held and other firms not classifiable by gender, Hispanic or Latino origin, and race.

Table 769. Women-Owned and Minority-Owned Firms With Paid Employees by Employment Size: 2002

[917 represents 917,000. Employment reflects number of paid employees during the March 12 pay period. Based on the 2002 Survey of Business Owners; see text, this section]

	1				N	umher of	employee	is.		
Item	Unit			1	5	10	20	50	100	500 or
	0	Total	None 1	to 4	to 9	to 19	to 49	to 99	to 499	more
WOMEN-OWNED										
Firms	1,000	917	161	462	149	83	43	11	7	1
Sales and receipts	Mil. dol 1,000	802,851 7.141	23,539	113,447 939	96,282 971	103,160		74,053 750	114,484	160,012 913
Employees	Mil. dol		3,953	20,483	21,360	25,946	1,269 31,578	19,316	30,015	20,877
HISPANIC-OWNED										
Firms	1,000		37	100	31	18	9	3	1	(Z)
Sales and receipts	Mil. dol 1,000	179,508 1.537	6,703	28,292 202	26,627 205	26,945 248	29,496 267	19,447 185	27,206 244	14,792 186
Annual payroll	Mil. dol	36,712	1,153	4,568	4,958	5,705	6,393	4,817	5,900	3,217
BLACK-OWNED										
Firms	1,000	95	19	47	14	7	. 4	1	1	(Z)
Sales and receipts	Mil. dol 1,000	65,799 754	2,986	10,679 96	7,773 92	7,769 100	10,912 133	9,697 87	11,193 162	4,790 82
Annual payroll	Mil. dol	17,550	541	2,251	2,133	2,279	3,034	2,154	3,623	1,535
AMERICAN INDIAN AND		,								
ALASKA NATIVE-OWNED										
Firms	1,000		5	12	4	2	1	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)
Sales and receipts	Mil. dol 1.000	21,987 191	1,021	3,378 26	2,411 23	2,996 28	3,814 36	3,092 23	2,842 26	2,433 29
Annual payroll	Mil. dol	5,135	137	578	528	706	945	675	773	793
ASIAN-OWNED										
Firms	1,000	319	. 54	161	55	30	15	3	2	(Z)
Sales and receipts	Mil. dol 1,000	2,214	10,287	56,967 347	46,155 353	44,109 393	50,950 437	30,759 226	32,955 302	18,980 155
Employees	Mil. dol		1,616	7,946	7,992	9,130	10,947	6,048	8,211	4,154
NATIVE HAWAIIAN- AND OTHER		,	,							
PACIFIC ISLANDER-OWNED										
Firms	1,000	4	1 70	2	1	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	(Z)	_
Sales and receipts	Mil. dol 1.000	3,502 29	73	520 4	413 4	574 5	805 7	420 4	698 5	_
	Mil. dol	826	12	133	99	123	228	100	132	_

Represents zero. Z Less than 500. ¹ Firms reported annual payroll but did not report any employees on their payroll during specified period in 2002.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2002 Economic Census, Survey of Business Owners, Women-Owned Firms: 2002 (SB02-00CS-MMN)(RV); Hispanic-Owned Firms: 2002 (SB02-00CS-HISP)(RV); Black-Owned Firms: 2002 (SB02-00CS-BLK)(RV); American Indian- and Alaska Native-Owned Firms: 2002 (SB02-00CS-ASIAN)(RV); and Native Hawaiian- and Other Pacific Islander-Owned Firms: 2002 (SB02-00CS-ANHP)(RV).

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2002 Economic Census, Survey of Business Owners, Women-Owned Firms: 2002 (SB02-00CS-WMN)(RV), Hispanic-Owned Firms: 2002 (SB02-00CS-HISP)(RV); Black-Owned Firms: 2002 (SB02-00CS-BLK)(RV); American Indian- and Alaska Native-Owned Firms: 2002 (SB02-00CS-ASIAN)(RV); and Native Hawaiian- and Other Pacific Islander-Owned Firms: 2002 (SB02-00CS-HIP)(RV).

Table 770. Bankruptcy Petitions Filed and Pending by Type and Chapter: 1990 to 2009

[For years ending June 30. Covers only bankruptcy cases filed under the Bankruptcy Reform Act of 1978. Bankruptcy: legal recognition that a company or individual is insolvent and must restructure or liquidate. Petitions "filed" means the commencement of a proceeding through the presentation of a petition to the clerk of the court; "pending" is a proceeding in which the administration has not been completed]

Item	1990	1995	2000	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Total filed	725,484	858,104	1,276,922	1,635,725	1,637,254	1,484,570	751,056	967,831	1,306,315
Business ¹	64,688 660,796	51,288 806,816	36,910 1,240,012	35,739 1,599,986	32,406 1,604,848	31,562 1,453,008	23,889 727,167	33,822 934,009	55,021 1,251,294
Chapter 11 4	468,171 2,116	552,244 1,755	864,183 722	1,146,761 935	1,174,681 847	1,142,958 749	435,064 540	592,376 780	870,266 1,088
Chapter 13 5	190,509	252,817	375,107	452,286	429,315	309,298	291,560	340,852	379,939
Voluntary	723,886 1,598	856,991 1,113	1,276,146 776	1,635,099 626	1,636,678 576	1,484,085 485	750,577 479	967,248 583	(NA) (NA)
Chapter 7 ³	505,337 7	581,390 12	885,447 8	1,167,101 7	1,196,212	1,164,815 10	450,332 7	615,748 4	907,603 6
Chapter 11 ⁴ Chapter 12 ⁷	19,591 1,351	13,221 904	9,947 732	11,048 302	6,703 290	6,224 360	5,586 386	7,293 314	13,951 422
Chapter 13 ⁵ Section 304 ⁸	199,186 12	262,551 26	380,770 18	457,171 96	433,945 98	313,085 9 36	294,693	344,421	384,187
Chapter 15 9	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	40	(X) 52	(X) 51	(X) 146
Total pending	961,919	1,090,446	1,400,416	1,697,267	1,750,562	1,411,212	1,312,016	1,325,220	1,521,595

NA Not available. X Not applicable. ¹ Business bankruptcies include those filed under chapters 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, or 15. ² Includes other petitions, not shown separately. ³ Chapter 7, liquidation of nonexempt assets of businesses or individuals. ⁴ Chapter 11, individual or business reorganization. ⁵ Chapter 13, adjustment of debts of an individual with regular income. ⁶ Chapter 9, adjustment of debts of a family farmer with regular income, effective November 26, 1986. ⁶ Chapter 11, U.S.C., Section 304, cases ancillary to foreign proceedings. ⁶ Chapter 15 was added and Section 304 was terminated by changes in the Bankruptcy Laws effective October 17, 2005.

Table 771. Bankruptcy Cases Filed by State: 2000 to 2009

[In thousands (1,276.9 represents 1,276,900). For years ending June 30. Covers only bankruptcy cases filed under the Bankruptcy Reform Act of 1978. *Bankruptcy:* legal recognition that a company or individual is insolvent and must restructure or liquidate. Petitions "filed" means the commencement of a proceeding through the presentation of a petition to the clerk of the court]

State	2000	2005	2008	2009	State	2000	2005	2008	2009
Total 1	1,276.9	1,637.3	967.8	1,306.3					
	, ·				Missouri	26.3	39.2	23.1	28.6
Alabama	31.4	42.6	25.8	33.6	Montana	3.3	4.4	1.7	2.4
Alaska	1.4	1.6	0.7	1.0	Nebraska	5.6	9.6	5.9	7.2
Arizona	21.7	32.4	14.3	26.8	Nevada	14.3	16.3	14.4	24.4
Arkansas	16.3	25.5	12.8		New Hampshire	3.9	4.9	3.5	4.6
California	160.6	122.6	98.7	171.6					
					New Jersey	38.7	40.7	22.9	31.6
Colorado	15.6	30.2	17.9	24.7	New Mexico	7.1	10.1	4.0	5.3
Connecticut	11.4	11.8	7.1		New York	61.7	81.7	42.4	53.2
Delaware	4.9	3.6	2.3	4.4	North Carolina	25.8	37.5	20.8	25.5
District of Columbia	2.6	1.9	0.8	1.0	North Dakota	2.0	2.5	1.3	1.5
Florida	74.0	85.8	52.7	82.9					
					Ohio	53.6	95.8	54.2	64.5
Georgia	57.9	77.3	55.0	70.0	Oklahoma	19.3	28.2	9.9	12.7
Hawaii	5.0	3.2	1.6	2.7	Oregon	18.1	25.3	10.5	15.9
Idaho	7.3	9.7	4.2	6.7	Pennsylvania	43.8	62.3	31.5	35.6
Illinois	62.3	83.6	48.5	65.0	Rhode Island	4.8	4.4	3.6	4.9
Indiana	37.5	55.9	35.0	44.6					
					South Carolina	11.7	15.2	7.6	9.5
lowa	8.2	14.3	7.5	9.3		2.1	2.9	1.4	1.7
Kansas	11.4	17.3	8.2	10.1	Tennessee	47.1	60.8	42.9	52.6
Kentucky	20.8	29.2	19.2	23.6	Texas	62.9	97.5	44.2	48.8
Louisiana	23.1	31.1	15.1	16.8	Utah	14.4	20.5	7.7	12.1
Maine	4.1	4.7	2.6	3.5					
					Vermont	1.6	1.7	1.1	1.4
Maryland	31.1	28.5	16.3	21.4	Virginia	37.1	38.8	23.9	33.3
Massachusetts	16.7	19.6	15.0	18.6	Washington	31.2	37.7	18.1	27.1
Michigan	36.4	68.5	51.3	63.8	West Virginia	8.2	12.6	4.9	6.0
Minnesota	15.4	19.4	14.2	19.2	Wisconsin	18.0	29.0	18.8	24.7
Mississippi	17.9	21.8	11.6	13.8	Wyoming	2.0	2.5	0.8	1.1

¹ Includes Island Areas, not shown separately.

Source: Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts, Statistical Tables for the Federal Judiciary and "Bankruptcy Statistics," http://www.uscourts.gov/bnkrpctystats/statistics.htm.

Source: Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts, Statistical Tables for the Federal Judiciary and "Bankruptcy Statistics," http://www.uscourts.gov/bnkrpctystats/statistics.htm.

Table 772. Patents and Trademarks: 1990 to 2009

[In thousands (99.2 represents 99,200). Calendar year data. Covers U.S. patents issued to citizens of the United States and residents of foreign countries. For data on foreign countries, see Table 1393]

Type	1990	1995	2000	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Patents issued	99.2	113.8	176.0	181.3	157.7	196.4	182.9	185.2	191.9
Inventions	90.4	101.4	157.5	164.3	143.8	173.8	157.3	157.8	167.3
Individuals	17.3	17.4	22.4	17.6	14.7	16.6	14.0	12.6	12.6
Corporations:									
United States	36.1	44.0	70.9	73.0	65.2	78.9	70.5	70.0	74.8
Foreign ¹	36.0	39.1	63.3	72.9	63.2	77.4	72.0	74.5	79.3
U.S. government	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7
Designs	8.0	11.7	17.4	15.7	13.0	21.0	24.1	25.6	23.1
Botanical plants	0.3	0.4	0.5	1.0	0.7	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.0
Reissues	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.5
U.S. residents	52.8	64.4	96.9	94.1	82.6	102.2	93.7	92.0	95.0
Foreign country residents	46.2	49.4	79.1	87.2	75.2	94.2	89.2	93.2	96.9
Percent of total	46.7	43.4	44.9	48.1	47.6	48.0	48.8	50.3	50.5
Trademarks:									
Applications filed	127.3	181.0	361.8	304.5	334.7	362.3	401.0	390.8	351.9
Issued	60.8	92.5	115.2	146.0	154.8	193.7	218.8	233.9	222.1
Trademarks	53.6	85.6	106.4	113.7	121.6	153.3	170.8	194.4	177.4
Trademark renewals	7.2	6.9	8.8	32.3	33.3	40.4	48.1	39.5	44.7

¹ Includes patents to foreign governments.

Table 773. Patents by State and Island Areas: 2009

[Includes only U.S. patents granted to residents of the United States and territories]

•				Botani-						Botani-	
State		Inven-	De-	cal	Reis-	State		Inven-	De-	cal	Reis-
	Total	tions	signs	plants	sues		Total	tions	signs	plants	sues
Total	95,032	82,382	12,025	389	236	Missouri	877	708	164	3	2
						Montana	91	73	18	_	_
Alabama	377	304	57	14	2	Nebraska	226	193	29	4	_
Alaska	55	39	16	_	_	Nevada	426	338	87	_	1
Arizona	1,759	1,562	190	4	3	New Hampshire	608	542	62	1	3
Arkansas	154	96	58	_	_	New Jersey	3,259	2,839	405	4	11
California	23,354	20,646	2,506	135	67	New Mexico	329	303	26	_	_
Colorado	1,968	1,716	248	1	3	New York	6,127	5,237	876	4	10
Connecticut	1,661	1,416	238	4	3	North Carolina	2,298	2,012	266	15	5
Delaware	342	311	30	-	1	North Dakota	92	82	10	-	_
District of Columbia	62	57	4	_	1	Ohio	3,023	2,341	676	1	5
Florida	2,899	2,197	632	64	6	Oklahoma	445	403	38	2	2
Georgia	1,666	1,415	232	15	4	Oregon	2,014	1,784	199	24	7
Hawaii	96	71	17	8	-	Pennsylvania	3,064	2,656	387	13	8
Idaho	985	941	38	_	6	Rhode Island	305	231	74	_	_
Illinois	3,615	2,898	699	10	8	South Carolina	579	461	116	2	_
Indiana	1,246	1,095	147	-	4	South Dakota	56	46	10	_	_
lowa	730	670	60	_	-	Tennessee	785	647	134	1	3
Kansas	509	435	73	-	1	Texas	6,436	5,934	486	4	12
Kentucky	457	368	88	-	1	Utah	855	765	88	_	2
Louisiana	315	257	55	3	-	Vermont	500	452	48	_	_
Maine	130	118	10	-	2	Virginia	1,208	1,073	131	1	3
Maryland	1,444	1,277	156	5	6	Washington	4,856	4,310	525	9	12
Massachusetts	4,038	3,696	330	3	9	West Virginia	102	92	8	2	_
Michigan	3,516	2,983	510	17	6	Wisconsin	1,887	1,467	413	5	2
Minnesota	2,972	2,625	324	10	13	Wyoming	64	59	5	_	-
Mississippi	144	125	16	1	2	Island areas	26	16	10		

⁻ Represents zero.

Table 774. Copyright Registration by Subject Matter: 2000 to 2009

[In thousands (497.6 represents 497,600). For years ending September 30. Comprises claims to copyrights registered for both U.S. and foreign works. Semiconductor chips and renewals are not considered copyright registration claims]

Subject matter	2000	2005	2008	2009	Subject matter	2000	2005	2008	2009
Total copyright claims	497.6	515.2	232.1	381.3	Musical works 2	138.9	133.7	65.1	93.3
Monographs 1	169.7	191.4	78.7	133.3	Works of the visual arts 3	85.8	82.5	42.1	75.2
Serials	69.0	57.7	22.0	37.5	Semiconductor chip products	0.7	0.5	0.2	0.3
Sound recordings	34.2	49 9	24.2	42 0	Renewals	16.8	15.8	0.4	0.5

¹ Includes computer software and machine readable works. ² Includes dramatic works, accompanying music, choreography, pantomimes, motion pictures, and filmstrips. ³ Two-dimensional works of fine and graphic art, including prints and art reproductions; sculptural works; technical drawings and models; photographs; commercial prints and labels; works of applied arts, cartographic works, and multimedia works.

Source: The Library of Congress, Copyright Office, Annual Report.

Source: U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, "Statistical Reports Available For Viewing, Calendar Year Patent Statistics," http://www.uspto.gov/web/offices/ac/ido/oeip/taf/reports.htm and unpublished data.

Source: U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, "Statistical Reports Available For Viewing, Calendar Year Patent Statistics," http://www.uspto.gov/web/offices/ac/ido/oeip/taf/reports.htm.

Table 775. Net Stock of Private Fixed Assets by Industry: 2000 to 2008

[In billions of dollars (21,241 represents \$21,241,000,000,000). Estimates as of Dec. 31. Net stock estimates are presented in terms of current cost and cover equipment, software, and structures]

Industry	NAICS code 1	2000	2005	2007	2008
Private fixed assets	(X)	21,241	30,601	33,929	34,261
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting.	11	339	440	485	499
Farms ² Forestry, fishing, and related activities.	111, 112 113-115	312 27	404 36	445 40	457 42
Mining	21	539	1,024	1,268	1,428
Oil and gas extraction	211	403	845	1,037	1,171
Mining, except oil and gas	212	92	116	141	152
Support activities for mining	213	44	63	90	105
Utilities	22 23	1,038 174	1,401 230	1,613 273	1,798 295
Manufacturing	31-33	1,768	2,010	2,186	2,313
Durable goods	(X)	1,003	1,139	1,232	1,305
Wood products	321	32	36	41	44
Nonmetallic mineral products	327	56	65	72	77
Primary metals	331 332	125 112	128 124	136 133	142 140
Machinery	333	142	167	188	202
Computer and electronic products	334	247	279	297	310
Electrical equipment, appliances, and components	335	45	50	54	57
Motor vehicles, bodies and trailers, and parts Other transportation equipment	3361-3363 3364, 3365, 3369	106 80	122 96	125 107	129 117
Furniture and related products	337	16	20	22	23
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	44	52	58	64
Nondurable goods	(X)	765	872	954	1,008
Food and beverage and tobacco products	311, 312	183 44	209 43	227 44	240 44
Textile mills and textile product mills	313, 314 315, 316	17	18	18	19
Paper products	322	101	102	110	115
Printing and related support activities	323	41	49	55	58
Petroleum and coal products	324	92	116	139	152
Chemical products	325 326	220	256	278	294 87
Plastics and rubber products	42	68 349	77 467	83 508	526
Retail trade	44-45	647	898	1,025	1,102
Transportation and warehousing 3	48-49	827	982	1,072	1,134
Air transportation	481	191	239	253	266
Railroad transportation	482 483	286 40	312 51	330 59	341 62
Truck transportation	484	70	83	94	95
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	36	41	46	47
Pipeline transportation	486	74	115	137	163
Warehousing and storage	493	22	29	36	39
Information	51 511	864 50	1,036 54	1,175 61	1,255 65
Motion picture and sound recording industries	512	32	36	38	39
Broadcasting and telecommunications	513	763	916	1,040	1,111
Information and data processing services	514	20	30	36	40
Finance and insurance	52 521	823 11	1,099 16	1,258 19	1,353 21
Credit intermediation and related activities	522	466	613	689	733
Securities, commodity contracts, and investments	523	87	110	131	143
Insurance carriers and related activities	524	164	205	224	237
Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	525 53	96 11.539	156 17,714	195 19.277	220 18.534
Real estate and rental and leasing	531	11,300	17,714	18,850	18,090
Rental and leasing services and lessors of intangible assets 4	532, 533	239	356	427	444
Professional, scientific, and technical services 3	54	214	317	363	388
Legal services	5411	20	26	28	29
Computer systems design and related services	5415 551111, 551112	50 271	68 374	79 430	83 471
Management of companies and enterprises ⁵	56	153	205	233	246
Administrative and support services	561	85	124	142	151
Waste management and remediation services	562	68	81	91	95
Educational services	61	212	325	384	432
Health care and social assistance	62 621	689 210	1,001 300	1,155 343	1,209 366
Hospitals	622	425	624	725	751
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	30	44	49	52
Social assistance	624	24	33	38	40
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	126 48	190	223 91	237
Performing arts, spectator sports, museums, and related activities Amusements, gambling, and recreation industries	711, 712 713	48 79	75 115	133	99 138
Accommodation and food services	72	338	446	511	540
Accommodation		177	220	250	254
Food services and drinking places		161	226	262	285
Other services, except government	81	331	442	491	501

X Not applicable. ¹ Based on North American Industry Classification System, 2002; see text this section. ² NAICS crop and animal production. ³ Includes other activities, not shown separately. ⁴ Intangible assets include patents, trademarks, and franchise agreements, but not copyrights. ⁵ Consists of bank and other holding companies.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, "Table 3.1ES. Current-Cost Net Stock of Private Fixed Assets by Industry," October 2009, http://www.bea.gov/bea/dn/FA2004/SelectTable.asp#S3.

Table 776. Private Domestic Investment in Current and Chained (2005) Dollars: 1990 to 2008

[In billions of dollars (861 represents \$861,000,000,000). Covers equipment, software, and structures. Minus sign (–) indicates decrease. For explanation of chained dollars; see text, Section 13]

Item	1990	2000	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
CURRENT DOLLARS								
Gross private domestic investment Less: Consumption of fixed capital Equals: Net private domestic investment	861 560 301	1,772 987 785	1,730 1,136 594	1,969 1,201 768	2,172 1,291 881	2,327 1,391 936	2,289 1,470 819	2,136 1,536 600
Fixed investment	846 560 286	1,718 987 731	1,713 1,136 577	1,904 1,201 703	2,122 1,291 832	2,267 1,391 876	2,269 1,470 800	2,171 1,536 635
Nonresidential	622 224 15	1,269 449 55	1,136 578 16	1,223 681 65	1,347 775 50	1,505 762 60	1,640 629 19	1,694 477 –35
CHAINED (2005) DOLLARS								
Gross private domestic investment Less: Consumption of fixed capital Equals: Net private domestic investment	994 627 366	1,970 1,063 908	1,872 1,205 667	2,058 1,244 814	2,172 1,291 881	2,230 1,341 889	2,146 1,395 751	1,989 1,441 548
Fixed investment	987 618 386 17	1,914 1,319 580 60	1,856 1,191 664 17	1,993 1,263 730 66	2,122 1,347 775 50	2,171 1,454 718 59	2,126 1,544 585 20	2,018 1,570 451 –26

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, April 2010. See also ">http://www.bea.gov/national/nipaweb/SelectTable.asp?Selected=N>">http://www.bea.gov/national/nipaweb/SelectTable.asp?Selected=N>">http://www.bea.gov/national/nipaweb/SelectTable.asp?Selected=N>">http://www.bea.gov/national/nipaweb/SelectTable.asp?Selected=N>">http://www.bea.gov/national/nipaweb/SelectTable.asp?Selected=N>">http://www.bea.gov/national/nipaweb/SelectTable.asp?Selected=N>">http://www.bea.gov/national/nipaweb/SelectTable.asp?Selected=N>">http://www.bea.gov/national/nipaweb/SelectTable.asp?Selected=N>">http://www.bea.gov/national/nipaweb/

Table 777. Information and Communications Technology (ICT) Equipment and Computer Software Expenditures: 2007 and 2008

[In millions of dollars (92,795 represents \$92,795,000,000). Covers only companies with employees. The Information and Communication Technology Survey collects noncapitalized and capitalized data on information and communication technology equipment, including computer software. This survey is sent to a sample of approximately 46,000 private nonfarm employer businesses operating in the United States]

	NAIGO	Noncapita	alized	Capital	
Type of expenditure and industry	NAICS	expenditu	ıres ²	expendit	ures 3
	code 1	2007	2008	2007	2008
Total expenditures for ICT equipment and					
computer software	(X)	92,795	91,412	174,039	204,849
Total equipment expenditures	(X)	38,113	35,443	(NA)	(NA)
Purchases	(X)	20,405	18,274	110,310	132,969
Computer and peripheral equipment	(X)	13,659	12,203	59,031	66,083
Information and communication technology equipment	(X)	6,481	5,699	46,142	60,187
Electromedical and electrotherapeutic apparatus	(X)	265	372	5,136	6,700
Operating leases and rental payments	(X)	17,708	17,169	(NA)	(NA)
Computer and peripheral equipment	(X)	11,983	11,822	(NA)	(NA)
Information and communication technology equipment	(X)	4,524	4,434	(NA)	(NA)
Electromedical and electrotherapeutic apparatus	(X)	1,201	913	(NA)	(NA)
Total computer software expenditures	(X)	54,681	55,969	(NA)	(NA)
Purchases and payroll for developing software	(X)	28,810	28,547	63,729	71,880
Software licensing and service/maintenance agreements	(X)	25,872	27,421	(NA)	(NA)
Forestry, fishing, and agricultural services	113-115	64	73	89	159
Mining	21	1,224	1,825	1,343	1,443
Utilities	22	1,378	1,804	2,719	3,736
Construction	23	1,186	902	1,747	1,881
Manufacturing	31-33	17,278	16,108	18,585	19,684
Durable goods industries	321, 327, 33	11,371	10,718	11,131	11,499
Nondurable goods industries	31, 322-326	5,907	5,390	7,454	8,185
Wholesale trade	42	3,018	3,306	6,261	7,117
Retail trade	44-45	4,462	4,164	11,575	14,227
Transportation and warehousing	48-49	1,784	1,798	3,313	3,528
Information	51	12,795	12,923	55,036	69,806
Finance and insurance	52	21,818	20,939	29,262	29,158
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	1,639	1,349	1,920	2,810
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	11,598	11,353	13,828	15,663
Management of companies and enterprises	55	676	881	1,382	1,829
Admin/support and waste management/remediation services	56	2,210	2,392	4,171	4,742
Educational services	61	1,653	1,734	2,016	2,598
Health care and social assistance	62	6,916	6,440	14,562	17,816
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	551	502	1,140	1,173
Accommodation and food services	72	850	803	1,821	3,277
Other services (except public administration)	81	1,373	1,681	2,665	2,683
Equipment expenditures serving multiple industry codes	(X)	320	422	605	1,520

NA Not available. X Not applicable. ¹ Based on North American Industry Classification System, 2002; see text, this section. ² Expenses for ICT equipment including computer software not charged to asset accounts for which depreciation or amortization accounts are ordinarily maintained. ³ Expenses for ICT equipment including computer software chargeable to asset accounts for which depreciation or amortization accounts are ordinarily maintained.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "2008 Information and Communication Technology Survey," May 2010, http://www.census.gov/econ/ict/xls/2008/Full%20Report.htm.

Table 778. Capital Expenditures: 2000 to 2008

[In billions of dollars (1,161 represents \$1,161,000,000,000). Based on a sample survey and subject to sampling error; see source for details]

Item		All comp	panies		Compa	anies wi	th emplo	yees	Compan	ies with	out emp	loyees
item	2000	2005	2007	2008	2000	2005	2007	2008	2000	2005	2007	2008
Capital expenditures, total	1,161	1,145	1,355	1,375	1,090	1,063	1,271	1,295	71	82	84	80
Structures	364	402	525	565	338	369	491	532	26	33	34	33
New	329	366	481	526	309	341	457	503	20	25	24	23
Used	35	36	44	39	29	28	34	29	6	8	11	10
Equipment and software	797	743	829	810	752	694	780	763	45	49	50	47
New	751	701	790	763	718	665	750	726	32	37	40	37
Used	46	42	39	47	34	29	29	37	12	13	10	10
Capital leases	20	18	20	20	19	18	19	19	(Z)	(Z)	1	1

Z Less than \$500 million.

Table 779. Capital Expenditures by Industry: 2000 and 2008

[In billions of dollars (1,090 represents \$1,090,000,000,000). Covers only companies with employees. Data for 2000 based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), 1997; 2007 based on NAICS, 2002; see text this section. Based on a sample survey and subject to sampling error; see source for details]

Industry	NAICS code	2000	2008	Industry	NAICS code	2000	2008
Total expenditures	(X)	1.090	1.295				
Forestry, fishing, and agricultural	(**)	1,000	-,	Professional, scientific, and technical			
services	113-115	1	2	services	54	34	33
Mining	21	43	150	Management of companies and			
Utilities	22	61	98		55	5	5
Construction	23	25	42	Admin/support waste mgt/remediation			
Manufacturing	31–33	215	211	services	56	18	17
Durable goods		134	103	Educational services	61	18	27
Nondurable goods		81			62	52	90
Wholesale trade	42	34	33	Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	19	17
Retail trade		70		Accommodation and food services	72	26	41
Transportation and warehousing		60		Other services (except public			
Information	51	160	103	administration)	81	21	28
Finance and insurance	52	134	145	Structure and equipment expenditures			
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	92	96	serving multiple industry categories	(X)	2	4

X Not applicable.

Table 780. Business Cycle Expansions and Contractions—Months of Duration: 1945 to 2007

[A trough is the low point of a business cycle; a peak is the high point. Contraction, or recession, is the period from peak to subsequent trough; expansion is the period from trough to subsequent peak. Business cycle reference dates are determined by the National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc.]

Business cyc	de referer	ce date			Expansion	Length of	cycle
Peak		Trough		Contraction	(Previous	Trough from	Peak from
Month	Year	Month	Year	(Peak to trough)	trough to peak)	previous trough	previous peak
February November July August April December November January July July March December	1957 1960 1969 1973 1980 1981 1990	October	1945 1949 1954 1958 1961 1970 1975 1980 1982 1991 2001	8 11 10 8 10 11 16 6 16 8 8	1 80 37 45 39 24 106 36 58 12 92 120 73	1 88 48 55 47 34 117 52 64 28 100	2 93 45 56 49 32 116 47 74 18 108 128
Average, all cycles: 1945 to 2001 (10 cycles)	2007			10	57	67	67

¹ Previous trough: June 1938. ² Previous peak: May 1937.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "2008 Annual Capital Expenditures Survey," March 2010, http://www.census.gov/econ/aces/, and earlier reports.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, "2008 Annual Capital Expenditures Survey," March 2010, http://www.census.gov/econ/aces/, and earlier reports.

Source: National Bureau of Economic Research, Inc., Cambridge, MA, "Business Cycle Expansions and Contractions," http://www.nber.org/cycles.html, accessed April 2009.

Table 781. The Conference Board Leading, Coincident, and Lagging Economic Indexes: 2000 to 2009

[299.4 represents 299,400]

Item	Unit	2000	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
The Conference Board Leading Economic	J	2000					
Index (LEI) for the U.S., composite	2004 = 100	86.0	102.9	104.6	104.3	101.5	102.0
Average weekly hours, manufacturing	Hours	41.2	40.6	41.2	41.2		39.8
Average weekly initial claims for							
unemployment insurance	1,000	299.4	330.6	312.7	321.6	420.9	571.4
Manufacturers' new orders, consumer goods	l						
and materials (1982 dol.)	Mil. dol	152,036	150,268	149,963	152,087	136,408	119,599
vendor performance 1	Percent	53.4	54.1	54.3	51.2	51.6	51.4
Manufacturers' new orders, nondefense	reiceili	33.4	34.1	34.3	31.2	31.0	31.4
capital goods (1982 dol.)	Mil. dol	49.809	45,352	48.782	56,274	47,853	34,311
Building permits, new private housing units	1.000	1,598	2.160	1.844	1,392		583
Stock prices, 500 common stocks 1	1941-43 = 10.	1,426.8	1,207.1	1,310.0			946.7
Money supply, M2 (chain 2005 dol.)	Bil. dol	5,325	6,522	6,682	6,918	7,170	7,712
Interest rate spread, 10-year Treasury bonds							
less federal funds	Percent	-0.21	1.08	-0.17			3.10
Index of consumer expectations 1	1966:1 = 100 .	102.7	77.4	75.9	75.6	57.3	64.1
The Conference Board Coincident Economic	2004 = 100	98.2	102.4	105.2	106.7	105.4	100.0
Index (CEI) for the U.S., composite Employees on nonagricultural payrolls	1.000	131,794	133.694	136,086	137,588	136,777	130,911
Personal income less transfer payments	1,000	131,794	133,094	130,000	137,300	130,777	130,911
(chain 2005 dol.)	Bil. dol	8.327	8.981	9,405	9,639	9.500	9.087
Industrial production	2002 = 100	103.7	107.2	109.7	111.3	108.8	98.2
Manufacturing and trade sales							
(chain 2005 dol.)	Mil. dol	919,657	1,013,268	1,041,901	1,046,022	1,012,423	930,953
The Conference Board Lagging Economic			400.0	400.0	400 5	4404	444.0
Index (LAG) for the U.S., composite	2004 = 100 Weeks	98.6 12.7	103.3 18.4	106.3 16.8	109.5 16.8	113.1 17.8	111.2 24.3
Average duration of unemployment Inventories to sales ratio, manufacturing	vveeks	12.7	18.4	16.8	16.8	17.8	24.3
and trade (chain 2005 dol.)	Ratio	1.36	1.31	1.31	1.33	1.39	1.43
Change in labor cost per unit of output,	110110	1.00	1.01	1.01	1.00	1.00	1.40
manufacturing (six-month change,							
annual rate)	Percent	2.2	-2.1	0.2	0.6	5.4	-2.0
Average prime rate	Percent	9.2	6.2	8.0	8.1	5.1	3.3
Commercial and industrial loans outstanding							
(chain 2005 dol.)	Mil. dol	186,935	190,616	191,562	192,654	193,680	194,770
Consumer installment credit to	D	440	45.0	45.0	45.4	45.0	45.0
personal income ratio	Percent	14.6	15.0	15.0	15.1	15.2	15.3
(6-month change, annual rate)	Percent	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.1
(o-month change, annual rate)	I reiceil	1.0	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.1	۷.۱

¹ Data are from private sources and provided through the courtesy of the compilers and are subject to their copyrights: stock prices, Standard & Poor's Corporation; index of consumer expectations, University of Michigan's Survey Research Center; index of supplier deliveries, Institute for Supply Management.

Table 782. Manufacturing and Trade—Sales and Inventories: 1992 to 2009

[In billions of dollars (541 represents \$541,000,000,000), except ratios. Based on North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), 2002; see text, this section]

	Sale	es, averag	e monthly	1	Hant Hant							
				Mer-				Mer-				Mer-
Year				chant				chant				chant
	N	lanufac-	Retail	whole-	N	/lanufac-	Retail	whole-	N.	/lanufac-	Retail	whole-
	Total	turing	trade	salers	Total	turing	trade	salers	Total	turing	trade	salers
1992	541	242	151									1.31
1993	568	252	162	154	864	380	280	205	1.50	1.50	1.68	1.30
1994	610	270	176	165	927	400	305		1.46	1.44	1.66	1.29
1995	655	290	185	180		425	323		1.48		1.72	1.29
1996	687	300	197	190	1,005	430	334	241			1.67	1.27
1997	724	320	206	198	1,047	444	345	259	1.42	1.37	1.64	1.26
1998	743	325	216	202	1,079	449	357	272	1.43	1.39	1.62	1.31
1999	787	336	234	217	1,139	464	385	290	1.40	1.35	1.59	1.30
2000	834	351	249	235	1,197	481	407	309	1.41	1.35	1.59	1.29
2001	819	331	256	232	1,120	428	395	297	1.42	1.38	1.58	1.32
2002	824	326	261	236	1,140	423	416	301	1.36	1.28	1.55	1.25
2003	855	335	272	248	1,148	408	432	308	1.34	1.24	1.56	1.22
2004	925	359	290	276	1,240	441	461	339	1.30	1.19	1.56	1.17
2005	1,003	395	308	300	1,311	474	472	365	1.27	1.17	1.51	1.18
2006	1,066	418	323	324	1,406	524	487	396	1.28	1.20	1.49	1.18
2007	1,125	445	334	346	1,483	563	498	421	1.29	1.22	1.48	1.18
2008	1,155	457	330	368	1,474	559	479	436	1.32	1.28	1.51	1.21
2009	1,003	384	306	313	1,329	510	429	390	1.37	1.36	1.45	1.29

¹ Averages of monthly not-seasonally-adjusted figures. ² Seasonally adjusted end-of-year data. ³ Averages of seasonally-adjusted monthly ratios.

Source: U.S. Council of Economic Advisors, Economic Indicators, May 2010.

Source: The Conference Board, New York, NY 10022-6601, Business Cycle Indicators, monthly,

<http://www.conference-board.org/data/monthlybci.cfm>. Reproduced with permission from The Conference Board, Inc. 2010, The Conference Board, Inc. (copyright).

Table 783. Industrial Production Indexes by Industry: 1990 to 2009

[2002 = 100. Except as noted, based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), 2002; see text, this section]

Industry	NAICS								
madel y	code 1	1990	2000	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Total index	(X)	69.7	103.7	103.8	107.2	109.7	111.3	108.8	98.2
Manufacturing (SIC) ²	(X) 31–33	67.0 65.5	104.4 103.9	104.3 104.7	108.5 109.1	111.2 112.1	112.7 113.8	109.1 110.3	96.7 97.9
Durable goods Wood products Nonmetallic mineral products Primary metals Fabricated metal products Machinery Computers and electronic products Electrical equipment, appliances, and	(X)	52.8	105.2	107.0	112.8	117.8	120.2	116.3	96.9
	321	84.1	103.7	104.4	110.4	110.0	99.2	84.8	66.5
	327	83.3	103.6	103.6	108.1	109.9	106.9	100.7	83.1
	331	96.7	111.4	110.0	108.0	112.6	110.0	102.4	67.7
	332	80.3	110.7	98.9	103.4	109.0	112.1	110.1	89.7
	333	86.7	117.7	103.7	110.2	115.5	116.4	109.4	85.9
	334	13.8	101.4	129.9	144.5	163.8	176.7	192.9	174.0
components	335	87.5	121.3	99.0	100.7	101.4	104.8	104.5	91.8
	3361–3	55.8	99.9	103.7	103.9	100.2	97.4	83.3	59.8
transportation equipment	3364–9	123.0	99.3	94.3	105.0	110.9	121.7	119.3	115.1
Furniture and related products	337	75.2	103.3	100.9	104.6	104.2	101.0	90.4	71.7
Miscellaneous products	339	67.3	96.7	103.2	109.9	113.3	118.3	117.7	113.8
Nondurable goods	(X)	87.7	102.2	102.0	104.8	105.7	106.7	103.6	97.8
products. Textile and product mills Apparel and leather Paper Printing and related support Petroleum and coal products Chemical Plastics and rubber products. Other manufacturing (non-NAICS) 3	311,2	90.0	101.2	102.5	106.2	106.7	109.6	109.3	107.2
	313,4	99.2	111.9	94.6	96.7	88.0	81.2	72.6	60.7
	315,6	172.4	150.8	82.0	80.4	79.1	79.3	75.9	64.7
	322	97.4	105.3	97.6	97.5	97.6	95.9	92.1	82.1
	323	102.1	113.1	96.9	99.2	99.8	100.6	93.9	80.3
	324	86.9	96.9	106.0	110.1	109.7	109.1	110.0	107.8
	325	78.3	95.0	105.6	109.3	112.7	114.1	108.8	103.6
	326	67.2	102.9	101.5	102.3	102.9	104.7	99.1	84.4
	1133, 5111	100.9	112.6	97.9	97.6	96.6	95.3	89.9	75.6
Mining	21	107.8	104.2	99.6	98.3	101.5	102.1	104.2	97.9
	2211,2	77.9	97.4	103.3	105.4	104.8	108.3	108.6	106.4
and distribution	2211	76.7	97.2	104.2	107.2	107.8	110.5	110.4	107.2
	2212	85.6	98.6	98.8	97.1	91.3	98.1	100.5	98.7

X Not applicable. ¹ Based on North American Industry Classification System, 2002; see text, this section. ² Standard Industrial Classification (SIC); see text, this section. ³ Those industries—logging and newspaper, periodical, book, and directory publishing—that have traditionally been considered to be manufacturing.

Table 784. Index of Industrial Capacity: 1990 to 2009

[2002 output = 100. Annual figures are averages of monthly data. Capacity represents estimated quantity of output relative to output in 2002 which the current stock of plant and equipment was capable of producing]

	luday of			Relation of	output to capacity	(percent)	
Year	Index of	сарасну		S	Stage of process		
icai					Primary and		
	Total industry	Manufacturing	Total industry	Crude 1	semifinished 2	Finished ³	Manufacturing
1990	84.5	82.0	82.5	88.2	82.7	80.6	81.7
1995	95.7	94.3	84.0	89.0	86.6	79.7	83.2
2000	126.9	130.4	81.7	88.5	84.4	77.1	80.1
2001	131.5	135.7	76.1	85.3	77.4	72.5	73.8
2002	134.0	137.6	74.6	82.7	76.6	70.7	72.7
2003	133.7	137.4	75.8	84.4	77.7	71.6	73.7
2004	133.4	137.0	77.9	86.1	79.8	73.3	76.2
2005	133.8	138.1	80.1	86.5	81.7	76.0	78.6
2006	135.7	140.1	80.9	88.3	81.7	77.1	79.4
2007	138.1	142.7	80.6	87.8	81.0	77.5	79.0
2008	140.3	145.4	77.6	86.5	77.3	74.1	75.1
2009	140.1	144.9	70.1	81.8	67.5	68.4	66.8

¹ Crude processing, covers a relatively small portion of total industrial capacity and consists of logging (NAICS 1133), much of mining (excluding stone, sand, and gravel mining, and oil and gas drilling, which are NAICS 21231, 21221–2, and 213111) and some basic manufacturing industries, including basic chemicals (NAICS 3251); fertilizers, pesticides, and other agricultural chemicals (NAICS 32531,2); pulp, paper, and paperboard mills (NAICS 3221); and alumina, aluminum, and other nonferrous production and processing mills (NAICS 3313,4). ² Primary and semifinished processing loosely corresponds to the previously published aggregate, primary processing. Includes utilities and portions of several 2-digit SIC industries included in the former advanced processing group. These include printing and related support activities (NAICS 3231); paints and adhesives (NAICS 3255); and newspaper, periodical, book, and directory publishers (NAICS 5111). ³ Finished processing generally corresponds to the previously published aggregate, advanced processing. Includes oil and gas well drilling and carpet and rug mills.

Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, *Industrial Production and Capacity Utilization*, Statistical Release G.17, monthly. (Based on data from Federal Reserve Board; U.S. Dept. of Commerce; U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics; McGraw-Hill Information Systems Company, New York, NY; and other sources.)

Source: Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, *Industrial Production and Capacity Utilization*, Statistical Release G.17, monthly. See also http://www.federalreserve.gov/releases/g17/.

Table 785. Corporate Profits, Taxes, and Dividends: 1990 to 2009

[In billions of dollars (434 represents \$434,000,000,000). Covers corporations organized for profit and other entities treated as corporations. Represents profits to U.S. residents, without deduction of depletion charges and exclusive of capital gains and losses; intercorporate dividends from profits of domestic corporations are eliminated; net receipts of dividends, reinvested earnings of incorporated foreign affiliates, and earnings of unincorporated foreign affiliates are added. CCA = capital consumption adjustment]

Item	1990	2000	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Corporate profits with IVA and CCA 1	434	819	1.456	1.608	1.542	1.360	1.309
Taxes on corporate income	145	265	412	473	452	292	315
Profits after tax with IVA and CCA 1	289	554	1,044	1,135	1,090	1,068	994
Net dividends	169	378	557	705	768	690	576
Undistributed profits with IVA and CCA 1	120	176	486	430	322	378	418
Cash flow:							
Net cash flow with IVA and CCA 1	493	861	1,337	1,356	1,303	1,478	1,584
Undistributed profits with IVA and CCA 1	120	176	486	430	322	378	418
Consumption of fixed capital	373	685	863	926	981	1,037	1,042
Less: Inventory valuation adjustment (IVA)	-13	-17	-31	-38	-44	-38	9
Equals: Net cash flow with CCA	506	878	1,368	1,394	1,347	1,517	1,575

¹ Inventory valuation adjustment and capital consumption adjustment.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, April 2010. See also http://www.bea.gov/national/nipaweb/Index.asp.

Table 786. Corporate Profits With Inventory Valuation and Capital Consumption Adjustments—Financial and Nonfinancial Industries: 2000 to 2009

[In billions of dollars (819 represents \$819,000,000,000). Based on the North American Industry Classification System, 2002; see text, this section. Minus sign (–) indicates loss. See headnote, Table 785]

Industry group	2000	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Corporate profits with IVA/CCA ¹ Domestic industries Rest of the world	819	1,456	1,608	1,542	1,360	1,309
	674	1,217	1,352	1,194	983	997
	146	239	257	348	377	312
Corporate profits with IVA ¹ Domestic industries. Financial ² Nonfinancial. Utilities. Manufacturing Wholesale trade. Retail trade Transportation and warehousing.	756 610 190 420 26 144 59 61	1,610 1,370 444 926 30 247 92 123 29	1,785 1,528 448 1,080 54 305 104 133 42	1,730 1,383 368 1,015 49 279 102 122 30	1,425 1,047 279 768 40 176 75 78	1,437 1,125 331 794 54 136 88 91
Information	-16	81	92	90	85	109
	132	324	350	343	303	310
	146	239	257	348	377	312

¹ Inventory valuation adjustment and capital consumption adjustment. ² Consists of finance and insurance and bank and other holding companies. ³ Consists of agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting; mining; construction; real estate and rental and leasing; professional, scientific, and technical services; administrative and waste management services; educational services; health care and social assistance; arts, entertainment, and recreation; accommodation and food services; and other services, except government.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, Survey of Current Business, April 2010. See also http://www.bea.gov/national/nipaweb/Index.asp.

Table 787. Corporate Profits Before Taxes by Industry: 2000 to 2008

[In billions of dollars (772 represents \$772,000,000,000). Profits are without inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments. Minus sign (–) indicates loss. See headnote, Table 785]

	2002					
Industry	NAICS code 1	2000	2005	2006	2007	2008
Corporate profits before tax	(X)	772	1,640	1,823	1,774	1,463
Domestic industries	(X)	627	1,401	1,566	1,427	1,086
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	11	1	5	5	6	4
Mining	21	15	43	57	57	68
Utilities	221	26	31	54	49	40
Construction	23	42	85	85	72	61
Manufacturing	31-33	154	260	327	296	192
Wholesale trade	42	62	101	114	118	86
Retail trade	44-45	63	128	136	128	84
Transportation and warehousing	48-49	15	30	42	31	10
Information	51	-16	81	93	91	86
Finance and insurance	52	102	282	286	232	142
Real estate and rental and leasing	53	10	29	25	18	5
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	2	42	52	55	52
Management of companies and enterprises 2	551111, 551112	88	161	162	136	137
Admin/support waste mgt/remediation services	56	9	24	21	29	24
Educational services	61	2	5	5	5	5
Health care and social assistance	62	26	54	58	60	56
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	71	2	7	7	6	5
Accommodation and food services	72	15	22	24	22	17
Other services, except public administration	81	9	12	13	14	10
Rest of the world ³	(X)	146	239	257	348	377

X Not applicable. ¹ Based on North American Industry Classification System, 2002; see text, this section. ² Consists of bank and other holding companies. ³ Consists of receipts by all U.S. residents, including both corporations and persons, of dividends from foreign corporations, and, for U.S. corporations, their share of reinvested earnings of their incorporated foreign affiliates, and earnings of unincorporated foreign affiliates, net of corresponding payments.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, April 2010. See also http://www.bea.gov/national/nipaweb/Index.asp.

Table 788. Manufacturing, Mining, and Trade Corporations—Profits and Stockholders' Equity by Industry: 2008 and 2009

[Averages of quarterly figures at annual rates. Manufacturing data exclude estimates for corporations with less than \$250,000 in assets at time of sample selection. Mining, wholesale and retail trade data excludes estimates for corporations with less than \$50 million in assets at time of sample selection. Based on sample; see source for discussion of methodology. Based on North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), 2002; see text, this section. Minus sign (–) indicates loss]

Industry	2002 NAICS code	Ratio of pafter taxes stockhole equity (pe	es to ders'	Profits afte per dollar o (cents	f sales	Ratio of stockholders' equity to debt	
		2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009
Manufacturing	31-33	8.3	10.1	3.8	5.5	1.8	1.5
Nondurable manufacturing	(X)	14.5	16.0	6.1	8.5	1.7	1.4
Food	311	14.7	17.8	4.9	5.9	1.3	1.1
Beverage and tobacco products	312	21.0	21.7	12.5	17.4	1.3	1.6
Textile mills and textile product mills	313, 314	-11.4	1.3	-4.5	0.5	1.9	2.1
Apparel and leather products	315, 316	11.8	13.3	4.8	5.3	1.9	1.9
Paper	322	-11.2	10.8	-2.4	3.3	0.8	0.6
Printing and related support activities	323	-6.6	1.8	-0.5	0.3	0.6	0.4
Petroleum and coal products	324	17.3	10.7	4.4	5.3	2.9	2.4
Chemicals	325	15.1	19.4	11.6	16.4	1.7	1.3
Plastics and rubber products	326	3.9	9.3	1.1	2.9	0.9	0.9
Durable manufacturing	(X)	1.9	3.7	3.7	2.1	1.9	1.7
Wood products	321	-3.8	-4.1	-1.7	-1.9	1.3	1.0
Nonmetallic mineral products	327	-0.7	-8.6	-0.6	-5.7	1.1	1.0
Primary metals	331	-7.4	-4.6	-4.0	-3.0	2.1	1.8
Fabricated metal products	332	17.6	8.9	5.9	3.6	1.5	1.4
Machinery	333	14.6	8.5	6.5	4.7	1.8	1.8
Computer and electronic products	334	2.0	7.6	2.2	6.9	3.3	3.0
Electrical equipment, appliances, & components	335	14.5	9.4	11.6	8.5	3.5	3.6
Transportation equipment	336	-77.3	-76.4	-6.1	-4.3	8.0	0.4
Furniture and related products	337	2.5	2.6	0.7	0.8	1.1	1.0
Miscellaneous manufacturing	339	11.0	11.7	8.0	9.4	2.0	2.0
All mining	21	7.5	-1.7	7.5	-2.8	1.9	1.8
All wholesale trade	42	6.8	5.4	0.9	0.8	1.3	1.4
Durable goods	421	3.7	1.5	0.7	0.3	1.5	1.5
Nondurable goods	422	12.6	12.1	1.0	1.2	1.1	1.2
All retail trade	44-45	7.3	12.0	1.4	2.4	1.4	1.5
Food and beverage stores	445	8.8	6.9	1.1	0.8	1.1	1.1
Clothing and general merchandise stores	448, 452	9.1	14.6	2.3	3.5	1.6	1.7
All other retail trade	(X)	5.0	10.7	0.9	2.1	1.3	1.4

X Not applicable.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Quarterly Financial Report for Manufacturing, Mining, and Trade Corporations.

Table 789. Value Added, Employment, and Capital Expenditures of Nonbank U.S. Multinational Companies: 1999 to 2007

[Value added and capital expenditures in billions of dollars (2,481 represents \$2,481,000,000,000); employees in thousands. See headnote, Table 790. MNC = Multinational company. MOFA = Majority-owned foreign affiliate. Minus sign (–) indicates decrease]

					-				
								Percent ch annual	
Item								1999 to	2006 to
	1999	2000	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2006	2007
VALUE ADDED									
MNCs worldwide:									
Parents and MOFAs	2,481	2,748	2,656	2,992	3,233	3,538	3,706	5.2	4.8
Parents	1,914	2,141	1,958	2,173	2,321	2,537	2,589	4.1	2.0
MOFAs	566	607	698	818	911	1,001	1,118	8.5	11.6
EMPLOYEES									
MNCs worldwide:									
Parents and all affiliates	32,227	33,598	30,762	31,245	32,094	32,766	33,741	0.2	3.0
Parents and MOFAs	30,773	32,057	29,347	29,843	30,573	31,233	32,020	0.2	2.5
Parents	23,007 9,220	23,885 9.713	21,105 9.658	21,177 10.068	21,472 10.622	21,616 11.150	22,003 11,738	-0.9 2.8	1.8 5.3
MOFAs	7.766	8,171	8,242	8,667	9.101	9.617	10,017	3.1	4.2
Other	1,454	1,542	1,415	1,402	1,520	1,533	1,721	0.8	12.3
CAPITAL EXPENDITURES									
MNCs worldwide:									
Parents and all affiliates	550	(NA)	(NA)	487	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Parents and MOFAs	519	`548	`444	463	`507	`60Ó	652	2.1	` 8.5
Parents	406	438	335	339	377	445	482	1.3	8.4
Affiliates, total	144	(NA)	(NA)	147	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
MOFAsOther	113 31	111 (NA)	110 (NA)	123 24	130 (NA)	155 (NA)	169 (NA)	4.6 (NA)	9.0 (NA)
Ouici	J 31	(INA)	(INA)	24	(IVA)	(IVA)	(IVA)	(IVA)	(IVA)

NA Not available.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, August 2009. See also http://www.bea.gov/international/index.htm.

Table 790. U.S. Multinational Companies—Selected Characteristics: 2007

[Preliminary. In billions of dollars (18,521 represents \$18,521,000,000,000), except as indicated. Consists of nonbank U.S. parent companies and their nonbank foreign affiliates. U.S. parent comprises the domestic operations of a multinational and is a U.S. person that owns or controls, directly or indirectly, 10 percent or more of the voting securities of an incorporated foreign business enterprise, or an equivalent interest in an unincorporated foreign business enterprise. A U.S. person can be an incorporated business enterprise. A majority-owned foreign affiliate (MOFA) is a foreign business enterprise in which a U.S. parent company owns or controls more than 50 percent of the voting securities]

	2002		U.S. pa	rents			MOFAs	
Industry 1	NAICS		Capital		Employ-	Capital		Employ-
industry	code	Total	expendi-	Value	ment	expendi-	Value	ment
	code	assets	tures	added	(1,000)	tures	added	(1,000)
All industries	(X)	19,965	482.5	2,589	22,003	169.1	1,118	10,017
Mining	21	357	39.5	62	182	43.0	152	187
Utilities		590	32.2	84	226	3.6	11	45
Manufacturing 2	31-33	5,240	173.4	1,065	7,292	62.8	510	4,683
Petroleum and coal products	324	721	26.3	154	264	4.6	70	38
Chemicals	325	962	22.2	180	907	12.6	108	615
Transportation equipment	336	1,376	63.8	204	1,751	13.2	71	973
Wholesale trade	42	841	28.2	138	1,074	7.7	152	776
Information 2	51	1,513	70.2	317	1,919	6.9	45	355
Broadcasting (except Internet)								
and telecommunications	515. 517	1.115	60.0	218	1.158	4.6	12	82
Finance (except depository		, -			,			
institutions) and insurance	52 exc. 521, 522	9,497	40.9	229	1,129	10.7	52	318
Professional, scientific, and								
technical services	54	382	8.7	154	1,216	4.4	61	622
Other industries 2	(X)	1,545	89.3	540	8,965	30.0	134	3,032
Retail trade	44–45	423	28.8	207	4,145	6.5	47	975

X Not applicable. ¹ Represents 2000 North American Industry Classification System-based industry of U.S. parent or industry of foreign affiliate. ² Includes other industries, not shown separately.

Table 791. U.S. Multinational Companies—Value Added: 2000 and 2007

[In billions of dollars (2,748 represents \$2,748,000,000,000). See headnote, Table 790. Data are by industry of U.S. parent. Based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), 2002; see text, this section]

Industry	2002 NAICS	U.S. multinationals		U.S. parents		Majority-owned foreign affiliates	
•	code	2000	2007	2000	2007	2000	2007
All industries	(X)	2,748	3,706	2,141	2,589	607	1,118
Mining		39	215	28	62	11	152
Utilities		86	95	81	84	5	11
Manufacturing 1	31–33	1,410	1,575	995	1,065	415	510
Petroleum and coal products	324	232	224	112	154	120	70
Chemicals	325	212	288	141	180	71	108
Transportation equipment	336	271	276	209	204	62	71
Wholesale trade	42	133	290	99	138	34	152
Information 1	51	325	362	302	317	22	45
Broadcasting (except Internet) and							
telecommunications	515, 517	(NA)	230	(NA)	218	(NA)	12
Finance (except depository institutions) and	, -	` ′		` '		` '	
insurance	52 exc. 521, 522	181	281	157	229	24	52
Professional, scientific, and technical services	54	141	215	101	154	41	61
Other industries ¹	(X)	433	675	379	540	54	134
Retail trade	44-45	166	255	149	207	18	47

NA Not available. X Not applicable. ¹ Includes other industries not shown separately. Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, November 2003 and August 2009.

Table 792. U.S. Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliates—Value Added by Industry of Affiliate and Country: 2007

[Preliminary. In millions of dollars (1,117,585 represents \$1,117,585,000,000). See headnote, Table 790. Numbers in parentheses represent North American Industry Classification System 2002 codes; see text, this section]

			Manufacturing (31-33)				Professional,	
Country					Transporta-		scientific,	
Country	All			Chemicals	tion equip-	Wholesale	and technical	
	industries 1	Mining (21)	Total 1	(325)	ment (336)	trade (42)	services (54)	
All countries 2	1,117,585	152,285	509,962	107,519	71,208	151,964	61,383	
United Kingdom	172,310	13,501	63,615	8,369	9,142	25,979	14,014	
Canada	116,180	19,241	50,880	5,835	11,014	10,602	5,695	
Germany	86,649	1,209	58,240	6,528	11,881	9,602	4,335	
France	56,196	53	28,960	5,871	3,004	8,160	2,900	
Ireland	53,842	181	29,443	16,416	91	5,485	1,967	
Australia	44,088	7,163	16,409	2,204	1,678	6,441	3,412	
Japan	38,954	4	11,631	4,802	518	7,429	5,442	
Italy	32,508	13	20,878	4,129	1,160	4,469	1,793	
Mexico	31,327	2,388	18,254	4,029	5,390	1,881	865	
Netherlands	29,515	881	17,698	4,423	1,790	3,877	2,080	

¹ Includes other industries, not shown separately. ² Includes other countries, not shown separately. Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, August 2009.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, Survey of Current Business, August 2009 and unpublished data.